

TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER  1900/00020
		U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 CFR 1.5) <b>097762387</b>
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.  PCT/JP99/04271	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE  6 August 1999	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED  7 August 1998
TITLE OF INVENTION DEVICE CONTROL APPARATUS, DATA TRANSMISSION CONTROL APPARATUS AND DATA TRANSMISSION CONTROL METHOD FOR USE WITH A DIGIAL DEVICE, AND DATA TRANSMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM		
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US SHINOHARA, Toshiaki, WAKAMORI, Masahiro, TSUZUKI, Kengo		
Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:		
<p>1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is a <b>FIRST</b> submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371</p> <p>2. <input type="checkbox"/> This is a <b>SECOND</b> or <b>SUBSEQUENT</b> submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. § 371.</p> <p>3. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).</p> <p>4. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.</p> <p>5. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2))</p> <p>a. <input type="checkbox"/> is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).</p> <p>b. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> has been transmitted by the International Bureau.</p> <p>c. <input type="checkbox"/> is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).</p> <p>6. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).</p> <p>7. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3))</p> <p>a. <input type="checkbox"/> are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).</p> <p>b. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> have been transmitted by the International Bureau.</p> <p>c. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.</p> <p>d. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made and will not be made.</p> <p>8. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).</p> <p>9. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)).</p> <p>10. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the Annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).</p> <p>Items 11. to 16. below concern other document(s) or information included:</p> <p>11. <input type="checkbox"/> An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.</p> <p>12. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.</p> <p>13. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A FIRST preliminary amendment. <input type="checkbox"/> A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.</p> <p>14. <input type="checkbox"/> A substitute specification.</p> <p>15. <input type="checkbox"/> A change of power of attorney and/or address letter</p> <p>16. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other items or information:</p> <p>Copy of the International Search Report, with English translation; copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report; Notification of the Recording of a Change; copy of the Amendment under Article 34</p>		

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER  
1900/00020

☒ The following fees are submitted:

**Basic National Fee (37 CFR 1.492(a)(1)-(5)):**

Search Report has been prepared by the EPO or JPO.....\$860.00

International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) .....

.....\$690.00

No international preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) but international search fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)).....	<b>\$760.00</b>
--	-----------------

Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO.....	\$1,000.00
---	------------

International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(2)-(4).....	<b>\$100.00</b>
--	-----------------

**ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT = \$860.00**

Surcharge of **\$130.00** for furnishing the oath or declaration later than ☐ 20 ☐ 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)).

Claims	Number Filed	Number Extra	Rate
Total Claims	20 - 20 =	0	X \$18.00

Independent Claims	$11 - 3 =$	8	X \$80.00
--------------------	------------	---	-----------

Multiple dependent claim(s)(if applicable)	+ \$270.00
--	------------

**TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS = \$1,500**

Reduction by 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable.

**SUBTOTAL = \$1,500**

Processing fee of **\$130.00** for furnishing the English translation later than ☐ 20 ☐ 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)).

**TOTAL NATIONAL FEE = \$1,500**

Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). **\$40.00** per property + \_\_\_\_\_ **\$40.00**

**TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED = \$1,540.00**

Amount to be:  
refunded \$

charged \$

- a. ☒ A check in the amount of \$1,540.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed.
- b. ☐ Please charge my Deposit Account No. 22-0185 in the amount of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ to cover the above fees.  
A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.
- c. ☒ The Director is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 22-0185. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

**NOTE:** Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status

SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:

**Connolly Bove Lodge & Hutz LLP**

1990 M Street, N.W., Suite 800  
Washington, DC 20036-3425

SIGNATURE

Morris Liss

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

24,510

REGISTRATION NUMBER

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: :  
: :  
Toshiaki Shinohara et al. :  
: :  
Serial No.: To be assigned : Art Unit: To be assigned  
: :  
Filed: Herewith : Examiner: To be assigned  
: :  
For: DEVICE CONTROL : Atty Docket: 1900/00020  
APPARATUS, DATA :  
TRANSMISSION CONTROL :  
APPARATUS AND DATA :  
TRANSMISSION CONTROL :  
METHOD FOR USE WITH A  
DIGIAL DEVICE, AND  
DATA TRANSMISSION  
CONTROL SYSTEM

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Prior to initial examination of the above-identified national phase application,  
please amend the above-captioned case as follows:

IN THE CLAIMS

In the application as filed, please cancel claims 1, 2, 7, 8, 11, and 12, amend  
claims 3 and 5, and add new claims 15-26 as follows:

3. (Amended) A data transmission control apparatus, comprising a clock processing  
unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received  
from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/receiving processing unit for

transmitting and receiving data including compressed image data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, compression to send out I frames is performed and compressed image data of I frame is sent out.

5. (Amended) A data transmission control system, [arranged to connect an arbitrary number of data transmission control apparatuses according to claim 3 to the data transmission control apparatuses according to claim 4 over a network, said data transmission control system being further arranged to switch over, at a receiving side, compressed image data to be received at a timing of transmission of image data of I frame, which constitutes compressed images] comprising

an arbitrary number of data transmission control apparatuses each having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/ receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data including compressed image data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, compressed image data of I frame is sent out; and

an arbitrary number of data transmission control apparatuses each having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data and control signal with respect to

said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, the received data is switched over;

said data transmission control apparatuses being connected with each other over a network, whereby compressed image data received is switched over at a timing of transmission of an image data of I frame, which constitutes compressed image on the receiving side.

--15. A data transmission control system, comprising:

a plurality of photographing means each utilizing a data transmission control apparatus, having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/ receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data and control signal to and from said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, as a result of said comparison, the sending of transmission data from external device is stopped by said transmitting/receiving processing unit when the preset designation time is detected;

a plurality of monitoring means each utilizing a data transmission control apparatus, having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time

with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, the received data is switched over; and

a manager connected to a network, to which said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality of monitoring means are connected, said manager performing scheduling of data transmission between said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality of monitoring means.

16. A data transmission control system, comprising:

a plurality of photographing means each utilizing a data transmission control apparatus, having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/ receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data including compressed image data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, compressed image data of I frame is sent out;

a plurality of monitoring means each utilizing a data transmission control system having an arbitrary number of data transmission control apparatuses each having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/ receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data including compressed image data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, compressed image

data of I frame is sent out; and an arbitrary number of data transmission control apparatuses each having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, the received data is switched over; said data transmission control apparatuses being connected with each other over a network, whereby compressed image data received is switched over at a timing of transmission of an image data of I frame, which constitutes compressed image on the receiving side; and

a manager connected to a network, to which said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality of monitoring means are connected, said manager performing scheduling of data transmission between said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality of monitoring means.

17. A data transmission control system, comprising: a plurality of photographing means each utilizing a data transmission control apparatus, having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/ receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data including compressed image data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said

current time and these agree with each other, compressed image data of I frame is sent out;

a plurality of monitoring means each utilizing a data transmission control apparatus, having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, the received data is switched over; and

a manager connected to a network, to which said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality of monitoring means are connected, said manager performing scheduling of data transmission between said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality of monitoring means.

18. A data transmission control system, comprising:

a plurality of photographing means each utilizing a data transmission control apparatus, having a a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/ receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data including compressed image data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, compressed image data of I frame is sent out;

a plurality of monitoring means each utilizing a data transmission control system having an arbitrary number of data transmission control apparatuses each having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data including compressed image data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, compressed image data of I frame is sent out; and an arbitrary number of data transmission control apparatuses each having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, the received data is switched over; said data transmission control apparatuses being connected with each other over a network, whereby compressed image data received is switched over at a timing of transmission of an image data of I frame, which constitutes compressed image on the receiving side; and

a manager connected to a network, to which said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality of monitoring means are connected, said manager performing scheduling of data transmission between said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality of monitoring means.

19. A data transmission control system, comprising:

a plurality of photographing means each utilizing a data transmission control apparatus, for use in a case wherein a plurality of devices for transmitting and a plurality of devices for receiving compressed image data are connected with each other over a network, said system being arranged such that when the compressed image data received on the receiving device is switched over, it is requested to send out I frame of compressed image data constituting the compressed image to the device for sending the compressed image data to be received newly, and compressed image data of frame is transmitted within the shortest time to the receiving device;

a plurality of monitoring means each utilizing a data transmission control apparatus, having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, the received data is switched over; and

a manager connected to a network, to which said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality of monitoring means are connected, said manager performing scheduling of data transmission between said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality of monitoring means.

20. A data transmission control system, comprising:

a plurality of photographing means each utilizing a data transmission control apparatus, for use in a case wherein a plurality of devices for transmitting and a plurality of devices for receiving compressed image data are connected with each other

over a network, said system being arranged such that when the compressed image data received on the receiving device is switched over, it is requested to send out I frame of compressed image data constituting the compressed image to the device for sending the compressed image data to be received newly, and compressed image data of I frame is transmitted within the shortest time to the receiving device;

a plurality of monitoring means each utilizing a data transmission control system having an arbitrary number of data transmission control apparatuses each having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data including compressed image data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, compressed image data of I frame is sent out; and an arbitrary number of data transmission control apparatuses each having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, the received data is switched over; said data transmission control apparatuses connected with each other over a network, whereby compressed image data received is switched over at a timing of transmission of an image data of I frame, which constitutes compressed image on the receiving side; and

a manager connected to a network, to which said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality of monitoring means are connected, said manager performing scheduling of data transmission between said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality of monitoring means.

21. The data transmission control system according to claim 15, wherein, in the scheduling by said manager, the sending of I frame of compressed image data is thinned out.

22. The data transmission control system according to claim 16, wherein, in the scheduling by said manager, the sending of I frame of compressed image data is thinned out.

23. The data transmission control system according to claim 17, wherein, in the scheduling by said manager, the sending of I frame of compressed image data is thinned out.

24. The data transmission control system according to claim 18, wherein, in the scheduling by said manager, the sending of I frame of compressed image data is thinned out.

25. The data transmission control system according to claim 19, wherein, in the scheduling by said manager, the sending of I frame of compressed image data is thinned out.

26. The data transmission control system according to claim 20, wherein, in the scheduling by said manager, the sending of I frame of compressed image data is thinned out.

### REMARKS

The claims have been amended along the lines of the Article 19 and Article 34 amendments made in the international stage to simplify the Examiner's examination of this national phase application. None of these amendments is believed to involve any new matter. Accordingly, it is respectfully requested that the foregoing amendments be entered, that the application as so amended receive an examination on the merits, and that the claims as now presented receive an early allowance.

Respectfully submitted,



Morris Liss, Reg. No. 24,510  
Connolly Bove Lodge & Hutz LLP  
1990 M Street, N.W., Suite 800  
Washington, D.C. 20036-3425  
Telephone: 202-331-7111

Date: February 7, 2001

131 PRTS

09/762387  
JC02 Rec'd PCT/PTO 07 FEB 2001

1

## SPECIFICATION

DEVICE CONTROL APPARATUS, DATA TRANSMISSION CONTROL  
APPARATUS AND DATA TRANSMISSION CONTROL METHOD FOR USE  
5 WITH A DIGITAL DEVICE, AND DATA TRANSMISSION CONTROL  
SYSTEM

## TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to a device control apparatus, data  
10 transmission control apparatus and data transmission control method for use  
with a digital device, and to a data transmission control system. In  
particular, the invention relates to an apparatus and a method for data  
transmission control for a digital device to control data transmission between  
a digital device such as digital camera and monitoring means for monitoring  
15 the device.

## BACKGROUND ART

In a method for operating a digital device of this type, it has been  
practiced in the past that the digital device such as a camera is operated by  
20 a command based on an instruction packet from operation/control means  
such as a personal computer, or the digital device is triggered by the control  
from external control means.

As a conventional method for transmitting a digital data such as an  
image data, a data transmission method has been known, which can  
25 transmit the data efficiently according to an image data compression

technique such as MPEG.

However, (1) in the conventional method for operating the digital device as described above, when the operation of the digital device is controlled by an instruction packet as described above, much time is  
5 required, e.g. a time to generate the instruction packet, a time to transmit the instruction packet, a time to interpret the instruction packet, and a time to execute the instruction. In this respect, there has been a problem in that the timing to operate the device cannot be accurately controlled by the instruction packet.

10 Also, when it is tried to trigger the digital device by the control from external control means, complicated wiring is required such as the wiring for a separate signal line.

(2) In the conventional transmission method for transmitting digital data as described above, when the data amount to be transmitted rapidly is  
15 increased, the data cannot be sent out within the anticipated time. In such case, particularly when a network is shared with other devices based on time division multiplex system, competition of the packet may occur if the sending of the data is not stopped within the scheduled time.

(3) When an image compression technique such as MPEG is used  
20 and the image data is compressed using an information of the changes between frames, a system is adopted to use an information of I frame (compressed and coded image within a frame) and to express the changes of a series of the subsequent image data, using the image data as a starting point.

25 However, according to this system, when multiplex transmission is

performed for the image data from a plurality of image information devices such as camera on a single transmission route, the receiving of the image data from an image information device currently in transmission should be stopped and it should be switched over to the receiving of the image data  
5 from another image information device. When the receiving of the information of the switched image data is started from the middle of I frame, the image data cannot be constructed until the next I frame is received. Thus, the image is interrupted at the switching of the image information devices.

10 (4) Also, when a plurality of data transmitting devices such as photographing means and a plurality of data receiving devices such as monitoring means are connected over the network, and when transmission is requested individually from the data receiving device to the data transmitting device, it is necessary at first to inquire operating condition and  
15 channel of the data transmitting device. This results in the increase of traffic and leads to the increase of the processing amount of each device.

(5) When a data receiving device switches over the data transmitting device via a trunk line of the network, it has been practiced in the past that the data receiving device connected to the local bus transmits only the  
20 necessary data by connecting packet transmission control means between the local bus and the trunk line because data transmission in the local bus is not so rapid as in the trunk line of the network. Under the condition that the necessary data varies according to the time, and when data transmitting device is switched over by means such as instruction, there may occur error  
25 in the period from the sending of the switching instruction to the actual

switching, and this means that it is not possible to control accurately.

- (6) In the system to transmit the compressed data by controlling compression rate in such manner that the data amount averaged by time is on a constant level, there is no surplus time between the data groups to be transmitted. In this respect, when the data group is switched over to the next group, the compressed data after a certain data amount must be cut off.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

- To solve the above problems in the conventional technique, it is a first object of the present invention to provide an apparatus and a method for data transmission control for a digital device, by which it is possible to accurately control operation of the digital device at a predetermined timing without using an instruction packet for the operation of the digital device. This is accomplished by setting a designation time to operate the device from outside in advance, by providing means for detecting the designation time, and by operating the digital device when the designation time is detected.

- It is a second object of the present invention to provide an apparatus and a method for data transmission control for a digital device, by which it is possible to use a transmission route at the highest efficiency without competing with the transmission of the data to be transmitted next from other device. This is accomplished by setting a time for completion of transmission of data in advance, and by stopping operation of the digital device when the time is reached.

- It is a third object of the present invention to provide an apparatus and

a method for data transmission control for digital device, by which it is possible to provide the highest picture quality without interrupting construction of the image during the process from the request to switch over the image data to I frame when the receiving of the image data from the image information device currently in transmission is stopped and it is switched over to the receiving of the image data from the other image information device. This is accomplished by postponing the switching of the image data to the next I frame and by performing the switching in synchronization even in case the switching request is made in the middle of I frame.

It is a fourth object of the present invention to provide an apparatus and a method for data transmission control for digital device, by which it is possible to increase the efficiency to utilize the network by controlling the data transmission using a manager depending on the conditions of data or data transmission without individually inquiring to the data transmitting device from the data receiving device. This is accomplished by connecting the manager for controlling the data transmission to the network, to which a plurality of data transmitting devices such as photographing means and a plurality of data receiving devices such as monitoring means are connected, and by performing the scheduling of the data transmission between the devices.

It is a fifth object of the present invention to provide an apparatus and a method for data transmission control for a digital device, by which it is possible to accurately control the switching operation of the packet for transmission in synchronization with the best timing as determined in

advance. This is accomplished by setting a designation time for switching the packet transmitted from outside in advance, and by switching over in synchronization with the time.

It is a sixth object of the present invention to provide an apparatus and  
5 a method for data transmission control for a digital device, by which it is possible to avoid the cutting-off of the transmission data at the switching of the data group to be transmitted. This is accomplished by setting the data amount to be transmitted to a lower value than the transmissible data amount, by transmitting the data group within the shortest time, and by  
10 providing free time until the initiation of the transmission of the next data group.

In the data transmission control apparatus for a digital device of the present invention, a designation time to operate the device from outside is set in advance, and there is provided means for detecting the designation  
15 time, and the device is operated when the designation time is detected.

According to the present invention, a data transmission control apparatus for a digital device can be obtained, by which it is possible to accurately control the operation of the digital device at a predetermined timing without using instruction packet for the operation of the digital device.

20 In the data transmission control apparatus for a digital device according to the present invention, a designation time to designate the time of the completion of data transmission is set in advance in data transmission from the device, and there is provided means for detecting the designation time, and operation of the device is stopped when the time is detected.

25 According to the present invention, a data transmission control

apparatus for a digital device can be obtained, by which it is possible to use a transmission route at the highest efficiency without competing with the transmission of the next data to be transmitted from other device.

In the data transmission control apparatus for a digital device  
5 according to the present invention, a designation time to designate the time to switch over photographing/transmitting means is set in advance to a request to switch over the photographing/transmitting means in the transmission of image data from the photographing/ transmitting means to monitoring means, there is provided means for detecting the designation  
10 time, and the time to switch over the image data is synchronized with the detection of the waiting designation time by waiting until the next I frame even when the receiving of the image data from the photographing/transmitting means currently being transmitted is stopped and the request to switch over to the receiving of the image data from the other  
15 image information device is given in the middle of I frame.

According to the present invention, a data transmission control apparatus for a digital device can be obtained, by which it is possible to provide the highest picture quality without interrupting construction of the image during the process from the request to switch over the image data to  
20 be transmitted from the photographing/transmitting means to I frame.

In the data transmission control system for a digital device according to the present invention, a manager for controlling the data transmission is connected to the network, to which a plurality of data transmitting devices such as photographing means and a plurality of data receiving devices such  
25 as monitoring means are connected, and scheduling is performed for the

data transmission between the devices.

According to the present invention, a data transmission control system for a digital device can be obtained, by which it is possible to increase transmission efficiency through the control of data transmission by the  
5 manager depending upon the conditions of data or data transmission without individually inquiring to the data transmitting device from the data receiving device.

In the data transmission control apparatus for a digital device according to the present invention, when the device to transmit the data is  
10 switched over at a request from the device for receiving the data, a designation time to switch over the device for transmitting the data is set from a controller, and the device for transmitting the data is switched over in synchronization with the time.

According to the present invention, a data transmission control  
15 apparatus for a digital device can be obtained, by which it is possible to accurately control the operation of the device for transmitting the data and the device for receiving the data in synchronization with the best timing determined in advance.

In the data transmission control method for a digital device according  
20 to the present invention, the data amount to be transmitted is set to a lower value than the transmissible data amount, one data group is transmitted within the shortest time, and there is provided free time until the initiation of the transmission of the next data group.

According to the present invention, a data transmission control method  
25 for a digital device is provided, by which it is possible to avoid the cutting-off

of the transmission data at the switching of the data group to be transmitted in the data transmission where the data amount to be transmitted is indefinite.

The device control apparatus according to the present invention  
5 comprises a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from the system controller via the network, and a designation time  
10 detection processing unit for comparing the preset designation time with the current time, whereby, when the preset designation time is reached as the result of the comparison, the operation of the device is controlled. In this respect, it is possible to accurately control the operation of the digital device at the designation time with a predetermined timing.

The data transmission control apparatus according to the present  
15 invention comprises a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via network, a transmitting/receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data and control signal to and from the network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from  
20 the system controller via the network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing the preset designation time with current time, whereby, when the preset designation time is reached as the result of the comparison, transmission of the data from the device is stopped by the transmitting/receiving processing unit. In this respect, it is possible to use a  
25 transmission route at the highest efficiency without competing with

transmission of the data to be transmitted next from the other device.

The data transmission control apparatus according to the present invention comprises a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data and control signal to and from the network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from the system controller via the network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing the preset designation time with the current time, whereby, when the designation time is compared with the current time and these values agree with each other, the compressed image data of I frame is sent out. When there is a request to switch over the photographing/transmitting means from the monitoring means, the designation time for switching is postponed to the next I frame. Thus, it is possible to provide the highest picture quality without interrupting the construction of the image.

The data transmission control apparatus according to the present invention comprises a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data and control signal to and from the network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from the system controller via the network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing the preset designation time with the current time, whereby, when the preset designation time is compared with the

current time and these values agree with each other, the data to be received is switched over. In this respect, when there is a request to switch over the photographing/transmitting means from the monitoring means, I frame is inserted without waiting until the next I frame, and it is possible to provide  
5 the highest picture quality without interrupting the construction of the image.

The data transmission control system according to the present invention comprises an arbitrary number of data transmission control apparatuses according to claim 3 and the data transmission control  
10 apparatuses according to claim 4, the data transmission control apparatuses are connected with each other over a network, whereby compressed image data received is switched over at a timing of transmission of an image data of I frame, which constitutes compressed image on the receiving side. In this respect, when there is a request to switch over the photographing/transmitting means from the monitoring means, the  
15 designation time for switching is postponed to the next I frame. Thus, it is possible to provide the highest picture quality without interrupting the construction of the image.

The data transmission control system according to the present invention, which is for use in a case wherein a plurality of devices for  
20 transmitting and a plurality of devices for receiving compressed image data are connected with each other over a network, said system is arranged such that when the compressed image data received on the receiving device is switched over, it is requested to send out I frame of compressed image data constituting the compressed image to the device for sending the  
25 compressed image data to be received newly, and compressed image data

of I frame is transmitted within the shortest time to the receiving device.  
When there is a request to switch over the photographing/transmitting  
means from the monitoring means, the designation time for switching is  
postponed until the next I frame, and it is possible to provide the highest  
5 picture quality without interrupting the construction of the image.

The data transmission control system according to the present  
invention comprises a manager connected to a network, to which a plurality  
of photographing/transmitting means and a plurality of monitoring means are  
connected, and the manager performs scheduling of data transmission  
10 between the plurality of photographing/transmitting means and the plurality  
of monitoring means. In this respect, it is possible to increase transmission  
efficiency by performing the scheduling for the data transmission by a  
manager according to the conditions of data or data transmission without  
individually inquiring to the data transmitting device from the data receiving  
15 device.

In the data transmission control system according to the present  
invention, in the scheduling by the manager, the sending of I frame of  
compressed image data is thinned out. Thus, it is possible to provide the  
better picture quality without sending I frame but by elaborately sending P  
20 frame instead.

The data transmission control apparatus according to the present  
invention comprises the data transmission control apparatus according to  
claim 1, whereby the apparatus is connected between a device receiving  
data and a network, and the data to be relayed is switched over when a  
25 preset designation time is detected. Thus, it is possible to accurately

control the operation of the device for sending the data and the device for receiving data in synchronization with the best timing determined in advance.

The data transmission control method according to the present invention comprises the steps of setting data amount of image data including I frame constituting the compressed image to a value lower than a transmissible data amount, and providing free time up to arrival of the next data group. Thus, it is possible to avoid the cutting-off of transmission data at the switching of the data group to be transmitted in the data transmission where the data amount to be transmitted is indefinite.

In the data transmission control apparatus according to the present invention, information of the designation time is maintained in the device in advance. Thus, it is possible to easily utilize the designation time.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1A is a block diagram showing an arrangement of a data transmission control apparatus in an embodiment 1 of the present invention;

Fig. 1B is a block diagram showing an arrangement of a clock processing unit in Fig. 1A;

Fig. 1C is a block diagram showing an arrangement of a time designation processing unit in Fig. 1A;

Fig. 1D is a block diagram showing an arrangement of a designation time detection processing unit in Fig. 1A;

Fig. 2 is a block diagram showing an arrangement of a data transmission control apparatus in an embodiment 2 of the present invention;

Fig. 3 is a block diagram of an overall arrangement of a photographing

and monitoring system of a data transmission control apparatus in an embodiment 3 of the present invention;

Fig. 4 is a drawing to explain operation of the data transmission control apparatus of the embodiment 3;

5 Fig. 5 is a block diagram of a data transmission control apparatus in the embodiment 3 of the present invention;

Fig. 6 is a block diagram of an overall arrangement of a data transmission control system comprising a data transmission control apparatus in an embodiment 4 of the present invention;

10 Fig. 7 is a timing diagram showing operation of the data transmission control system in the embodiment 4;

Fig. 8 is a block diagram showing an overall arrangement of a data transmission control apparatus in an embodiment 5 of the present invention;

15 Fig. 9 is a drawing showing an arrangement of transmission data to explain a data transmission control method in an embodiment 6 of the present invention; and

Fig. 10 is a block diagram showing an arrangement of a packet transmission control means shown in Fig. 8.

## 20 BEST MODE FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

In the following, detailed description will be given on embodiments of the present invention referring to the attached drawings Fig. 1 to Fig. 10.  
(Embodiment 1)

25 First, referring to Fig. 1A, description will be given on a data transmission control apparatus in an embodiment 1 of the present invention.

Fig. 1A is a block diagram showing an arrangement of a data transmission control apparatus in the embodiment 1 of the present invention. In Fig. 1A, reference numeral 101 denotes a network for connecting to other digital devices, and 102 represents a transmitting/receiving processing unit for  
 5 transmitting and receiving data to and from the other digital devices.

Reference numeral 103 denotes a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to a time of a packet indicating the received time, 104 is a time designation processing unit for setting the received designation time, 105 is a designation time detection processing  
 10 unit for outputting a designation time detection signal when the current time from the clock processing unit 103 is compared with the designation time from the time designation processing unit 104 and the two values agree with each other. Reference numeral 106 denotes a digital device (hereinafter also called "device") with its operation placed under control when the  
 15 designation time detection signal is received, and 107 indicates a system controller for controlling the entire apparatus connected to the network 101. The digital device with its operation under control is a digital camera, for example. That is, when a user wants to release the shutter of a digital camera at a desired time, it is possible according to the present invention to  
 20 control it at the desired time.

Next, referring to Fig. 1A, description will be given on operation of the data transmission control apparatus in the embodiment 1. First, the designation time is received from the system controller 107 via the transmitting/ receiving processing unit 102, and this is set to the time  
 25 designation processing unit 104. On the other hand, the clock processing

unit 103 receives a packet indicating the time via the transmitting/receiving processing unit 102 at a predetermined time interval and outputs a current time corrected from the above time to the designation time detection processing unit 105. The designation time detection processing unit 105  
 5 receives the current time and, at the same time, receives a designation time from the time designation processing unit 104 and compares these two values. When the values agree with each other, a designation time detection signal is outputted to the digital device 106. The digital device 106 receives the designation time detection signal, and its operation is  
 10 controlled.

Now, detailed arrangement of the clock processing unit 103 is shown in Fig. 1B, and the operation is described. Reference numeral 20 denotes clock generating means for generating a pulse of 24.576 MHz. Reference numeral 21 is a 12-bit counter, which counts the inputted pulses, and when  
 15 3072 pulses have been counted, it generates a carry signal as an output pulse. Then, the count value is returned to 0, and the counting of pulses is continued. The count value is outputted as a time information A. Reference numeral 22 denotes a 13-bit counter for counting the output pulses of the 12-bit counter 21. When 8000 pulses have been counted, a  
 20 carry signal is generated as an output pulse. The count value is returned to 0, and the counting of the pulses is continued again. The count value is outputted as a time information B. Reference numeral 23 is a 32-bit counter for counting the output pulses of the 13-bit counter 22, and the count value is outputted as a time information C. Here, it is assumed that the  
 25 current time is a time expressed by the following equation using the time

information A, the time information B, and the time information C:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{The current time} = & \text{Time information A} \times (\text{time for one cycle of } 24.576 \\ & \text{MHz}) \\ & + \text{Time information B} \times (125 \text{ } \mu\text{sec}) \\ & + \text{Time information C} \end{aligned}$$

5

Therefore, the current time has an accuracy of the time of one cycle of 24.576 MHz.

Reference numeral 24 denotes time correcting means, which interprets a packet indicating the time given from the transmitting/receiving processing unit 102 and generates a correction signal for correcting each count value from the counters 21 to 23 based on the information contained in the packet. It is supposed that this packet is transmitted from another device (not shown) connected to the system controller 107 or the network 101 in Fig. 1A. In the packet to indicate the time, count values of the counters 21 to 23 are described according to a predetermined format. At the time correcting means 24, these count values are written to the counters 21 to 23. Thus, correction is performed in such manner that the information on the current time outputted from the clock processing unit 103 is equalized to the time indicated by the packet.

In the above arrangement, the time information A using the time of one cycle of 24.576 MHz as unit, the time information B using 125  $\mu\text{sec}$  as unit, and the time information C using one second as unit are outputted as the information of the current time in synchronization with the clock signal from the clock generating means 20. The count values of the counters 21 to 23 are corrected by time correcting means 24 each time a packet to indicate the

25

time is given from the transmitting/receiving processing unit 102, and the information of the current time is corrected so that it agrees with the time designated by the packet. If it is assumed that the packet is transmitted at a cycle of 125  $\mu$ sec, the current time has an accuracy of the time of one  
 5 cycle of 24.576 MHz (approximately  $4 \times 10^{-8}$  seconds), and it is corrected at a frequency, at which the packet including the time information is transmitted (at every 125  $\mu$ sec in the present example), and it is possible to provide accurate current time at all times.

Detailed arrangement of the time designation processing unit 104 is  
 10 shown in Fig. 1C, and operation is described below. In Fig. 1C, reference numeral 34 denotes designation time holding control means, which interprets the packet to indicate the designation time given from the transmitting/receiving processing unit 102 and sets the values of registers 31 to 33 from the information contained in the packet. Reference numeral 31  
 15 is a 12-bit register, and its holding value is outputted as a designation time information Ad.

Reference numeral 32 indicates a 13-bit register, and its holding value is outputted as a designation time information Bd. Reference numeral 33 represents a 32-bit register, which takes a value expressed as 32 bits, and  
 20 its holding value is outputted as a designation time information Cd. Here, the values of the designation time information Ad to Cd correspond respectively to the values of the time information A to C as explained in connection with Fig. 1B. The designation time information Ad takes a value from 0 to 3071 using the time of one cycle of 24.576 MHz as unit. The  
 25 designation time information Bd takes a value from 0 to 7999 using 125  $\mu$

sec as unit. The designation time information Cd takes a value of 32 bits using a second as unit. The designation time is expressed by the following equation:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{The designation time} = & \text{Designation time information Ad} \times \\
 & (\text{time of one cycle of 24.576 MHz}) \\
 & + \text{Designation time information} \\
 & \text{Bd} \times (125 \mu\text{sec}) \\
 & + \text{Designation time information Cd}
 \end{aligned}$$

Here, detailed arrangement of the designation time detection processing unit 105 is shown in Fig. 1D, and the operation is described below. In Fig. 1D, reference numeral 41 denotes a 12-bit comparator. The time information A described in connection with Fig. 1B is compared with the designation time information Ad described in connection with Fig. 1C, and the comparison result Ac is outputted. Reference numeral 42 is a 13-bit comparator. The time information B described in connection with Fig. 1B is compared with the time information Bd described in connection with Fig. 1C, and a comparison result Bc is outputted.

Reference numeral 43 represents a 32-bit comparator. The time information C described in connection with Fig. 1B is compared with the designation time information Cd described in connection with Fig. 1C, and a comparison result Cc is outputted.

Reference numeral 44 denotes a logic operation unit. Based on the logic of the comparison results Ac to Cc, it is detected that the current time has passed over the designation time, and this is notified to the device 106.

The logic operation unit 44 detects that the designation time has elapsed

when one of the following conditions is established:

Condition 1 = (Time information C > Designation time information Cd)

Condition 2 = (Time information C = Designation time information Cd);

and

5 (Time information B > Designation time information  
Bd)

Condition 3 = (Time information A > Designation time information Ad);

(Time information B = Designation time information  
Bd); and

10 (Time information C = Designation time information  
Cd)

In the above arrangement, all of the time information and designation  
time information are compared. However, if only the condition 1 is used, for  
example, the scale of the circuit can be reduced even though the  
15 designation time is detected in the unit of second.

Now, description will be given on the packet to indicate the time as  
given from the transmitting/receiving processing unit 102 to the clock  
processing unit 103. As the packet to indicate the time, there are two types  
of packets, i.e. packet A and packet B. The packet A is given from the  
20 transmitting/receiving unit 102 to the clock processing unit 103 at every 125  
 $\mu$ sec at the shortest. The packet B is transmitted at a frequency lower  
than the packet A such as the time of initialization of the device.

The packet A corresponds to a cycle start packet in the standards  
IEEE 1394, for example.

25 The information of the time included in the packet A:

Value of the counter 21 (12 bits)

Value of the counter 22 (13 bits)

Value of lower 7 bits in the counter 23 (7 bits)

The information of the time included in the packet B:

5 Value of the counter 23 (32 bits)

In the data transmission control apparatus of the embodiment 1 with the arrangement as described above, it is possible to provide a data transmission control apparatus for a digital device, which does not use an instruction packet for a command to operate the digital device and which can accurately control the operation of the digital device at a predetermined timing. It may be designed in such manner that a designation time is stored in the time designation processing unit 104 in advance.

(Embodiment 2)

Next, referring to Fig. 2, description will be given below on a data transmission control apparatus of an embodiment 2 of the present invention. Fig. 2 is a block diagram showing an arrangement of a data transmission control apparatus in the embodiment 2 of the present invention. In Fig. 2, reference numeral 105 denotes a designation time detection processing unit for comparing the current time with a designation time to designate a time to stop transmission of data from a device 106 and for outputting a designation time detection signal when these time values agree with each other.

Reference numeral 106 is a digital device for outputting the transmission data to a transmitting/receiving processing unit 102 regardless of whether the designation time detection signal is generated or not. For the other components having the same symbols as those shown in Fig. 1, detailed

description is not given here.

Next, referring to Fig. 2, description will be given below on operation of the data transmission control apparatus of the embodiment. First, the designation time is received from a system controller 107 via the transmitting/receiving processing unit 102, and this is set to a time designation processing unit 104. The designation time in this embodiment 2 designates a time to stop transmission of the data. The designation time is compared with the current time from a clock processing unit 103 at the designation time detection processing unit 105, and when these values agree with each other, a designation time detection signal is outputted. The transmitting/receiving processing unit 102 receives the designation time detection signal and stops transmission of the data from the device 106 currently being transmitted.

In the data transmission control apparatus of the embodiment 2 with the above arrangement, transmission from the digital device is stopped when the designation time is reached. As a result, it is possible to obtain the data transmission control apparatus for a digital device, which can use a transmission route at the highest efficiency without competing with the transmission of the data from the other device for the next transmission.

(Embodiment 3)

Next, referring to Fig. 3 to Fig. 5, description will be given on a data transmission control apparatus of an embodiment 3 of the present invention. Fig. 3 is a block diagram of the entire photographing/monitoring system of the data transmission control apparatus of the embodiment 3 of the present invention, and Fig. 4 is a drawing to explain the operation of the data

transmission control apparatus in the embodiment 3. Fig. 5 is a block diagram showing an arrangement of the data transmission control apparatus of the embodiment 3 of the present invention.

First, referring to Fig. 3 and Fig. 5, description will be given on an arrangement of the data transmission control apparatus of the embodiment 3 of the present invention. In Fig. 3, reference numerals 12A to 12M each represents photographing/transmission means such as a digital camera. Reference numerals 11A to 11N each represents monitoring means such as a monitor unit.

In Fig. 5, reference numeral denotes a network for connecting a plurality of monitoring means and photographing means as shown in Fig. 3 and for transmitting image data between these devices, and 102 represents a transmitting/receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving image data and control data to and from other digital devices. Reference numeral 103 represents a clock processing unit for setting a current time when the data is received. Reference numeral 104 is a time designation processing unit for setting the designation time received, and 105 is a designation time detection processing unit for outputting a designation time detection signal when the current time from the clock processing unit 103 is compared with the designation time from the time designation processing unit 104 and these values agree with each other.

Reference numeral 108 denotes photographing means for photographing an object and comprising a camera or the like, and 109 is compression means for receiving and compressing image data from the photographing means 108 and for outputting it to the transmitting/receiving

processing unit 102, and also for receiving the designation time detection signal from the designation time detection processing unit 105 and for outputting I frame of the compressed image data. Reference numeral 107 is a system controller for controlling a device connected to the network 101.

5 The transmitting/receiving processing unit 102, the clock processing unit 103, the time designation processing unit 104, the designation time detection processing unit 105, the photographing means 108, and the compression means 109 constitute, for example, the photographing means (also serving as the data transmission control apparatuses) 12A to 12M as shown in Fig. 3.

10 Further, in Fig. 5, reference numeral 112 denotes a transmitting/receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving image data and control data to and from the other digital devices and for switching the channel to the digital device, to which the switching is requested, when the designation time is reached in response to a request for switching to the  
15 digital device on transmission side from a monitoring person. Reference numeral 113 is a clock processing unit for setting a current time as received, and 114 is a time designation processing unit for setting the designation time received.

Reference numeral 115 denotes a designation time detection  
20 processing unit for comparing the current time from the clock processing unit 113 with the designation time from the time designation processing unit 114 and for outputting a designation time detection signal when these time values agree with each other, and 116 represents expansion means for expanding the compressed image data as received so that the data can be  
25 displayed on screen. Reference numeral 117 is display means for

displaying the expanded image data on screen. The transmitting/receiving processing unit 112, the clock processing unit 113, the time designation processing unit 114, the designation time detection processing unit 115, the expansion means 116, and the display means 117 constitute monitoring  
 5 means (also serving as data transmission control apparatuses) 11A to 11N as shown in Fig. 3.

Next, referring to Fig. 3 to Fig. 5, description will be given below on the operation of the data transmission control apparatus of the embodiment 3 of the present invention. First, on the time designation processing unit 104  
 10 and the time designation processing unit 114 respectively, the system controller 107 sets an information of a time to transmit I frame of data to the monitoring means 11A to 11N and the photographing/transmitting means 12A to 12M.

Here, the operation of the photographing/transmitting means 12A to  
 15 12M will be described. As already described, the time to transmit I frame from the system controller 107 via the transmitting/receiving processing unit 102 is given to the time designation processing unit 104, and this time is given to the designation time detection processing unit 105. On the other hand, at the clock processing unit 103, the current time, as corrected  
 20 according to the time of the packet indicating the time and received via transmitting/ receiving means, is given to the designation time detection processing unit 105. At the designation time detection processing unit 105, the current time given from the clock processing unit 103 is compared with the designation time given from the time designation processing unit 104,  
 25 and when these time values agree with each other, a designation time

detection signal is given to compression means 106.

The information of the time to be given to the designation time  
detection processing unit 105 from the time designation processing unit 104  
is not only given to a certain time point (e.g. T1) but it may be given to a time  
5 determined by logic (e.g. at every time T3 from a time T2). Next, at the  
compression means, compression processing is performed for transmitting I  
frame in synchronization with a timing given by the designation time  
detection signal to an image data given from the photographing means 108.  
Then, the compressed image data is transmitted over the network 101 via  
10 the transmitting/receiving means 102.

As described above, the compressed image data synchronized by I  
frame are transmitted from the photographing/transmitting means 12A to  
12M over the network.

Next, the operation of the monitoring means 11A to 11N will be  
15 described. To the time designation processing unit 114, the time to transmit  
I frame from the system controller 107 via the transmitting/receiving  
processing unit 112 is given as already described, and this time is given to  
the designation time detection processing unit 115. On the other hand, at  
the clock processing unit 113, the current time, as corrected according to the  
20 time of the packet indicating the received time via transmitting/ receiving  
means, is given to the designation time detection processing unit 115. At  
the designation time detection processing unit 115, the current time given  
from the clock processing unit 113 is compared with the designation time  
given from the time designation processing unit 114, and when these time  
25 values agree with each other, a designation time detection signal is given to

the transmitting/ receiving means 113.

As already described, the information of the time to be given to the designation time detection processing unit 115 from the time designation processing unit 114 is given not only to a certain single time, but it may be  
 5 given to a time determined by logic. In this way, a timing of transmission of I frame for the compressed image data being transmitted over the network 101 is given to the transmitting/receiving means 112.

From the compressed image data transmitted over the network 101, the transmitting/receiving processing unit 112 receives the compressed  
 10 image data from one of the photographing/transmitting means, and this is given to the expansion means 116. The expansion means 116 expands the compressed image data and gives it to the display means 117. The expanded image data is displayed by the display means 117.

Here, if a person in charge of monitoring gives a request for switching  
 15 to the transmitting/receiving processing unit 112, the compressed image data received at a timing of the transmission of I frame is switched over at the transmitting/receiving processing unit 112. Therefore, when the compressed image data is switched over, I frame can be received promptly.

In the data transmission control apparatus of the embodiment 3 with  
 20 the above arrangement, when the receiving of the image data from the photographing/transmitting means (e.g. 12A in Fig. 4) currently in transmission is stopped and it is switched over to the receiving of the image data from another photographing/transmitting means (e.g. 12C in Fig. 4) and if the request for switching is given in the middle of I frame, the switching of  
 25 the image data can be postponed to the next I frame (shown by ① in Fig. 4)

and this is carried out in synchronization. As a result, it is possible to obtain a data transmission control apparatus for digital device, in which the image is not interrupted during the period from the request for switching of the image data up to I frame.

5 Further, referring to Fig. 4, description will be given now on another method to control the data transmission control apparatus in the embodiment 3. In the example as described above, when the request for switching to the photographing means is made in the middle of I frame, the switching is postponed until the next I frame. However, as shown in ② of

10 Fig. 4, it may be designed in such manner that I frame is sent out immediately after the request for switching and the switching may be made in synchronization with it. In such case, the designation time may be set to a time point immediately thereafter and I frame may be sent out when the compression means 109 of the photographing/ transmitting means 12C on

15 the switched side may send out I frame when the designation time is detected. Similarly, the monitoring means 11B on the switch-over requesting side may switch over the receiving channel in synchronization with the sending of I frame.

Further, as a switching method in more urgent case, a request may be

20 given to send out I frame immediately to the photographing/transmitting means 12C by the transmitting/ receiving processing unit 112 of the monitoring means 11B on the switch-over requesting side. Next, when the request is received at the transmitting/receiving processing unit 102 of the photographing/transmitting means 12C, an instruction to send out I frame is

25 given to the compression means 109 to immediately send out I frame. As a

result, the compressed image data of I frame generated at the compression means 109 is transmitted over the network 101. At the monitoring means 11B, an image data can be constructed from the compressed image data of I frame thus transmitted, and the image can be displayed with the minimum  
 5 waiting time after the request for switching.

(Embodiment 4)

Next, referring Fig. 6 and Fig. 7, description will be given on a data transmission control system in an embodiment 4 of the present invention. Fig. 6 is a block diagram of the entire data transmission control system  
 10 comprising a data transmission control apparatus in the embodiment 4 of the present invention, and Fig. 7 shows timing of operation of the data transmission control system in the embodiment 4.

In Fig. 6, reference numerals 12A to 12M each represents photographing/transmitting means comprising a digital camera, for example.  
 15 Reference numerals 11A to 11N each represents monitoring means such as monitor unit, and reference numeral 13 denotes a manager for controlling the scheduling of data transmission between the monitoring means 11A to 11N and the photographing/transmitting means 12A to 12M to match the system controller 107 shown in Fig. 1, Fig. 2 and Fig. 5.

20 Next, referring to Fig. 6 and Fig. 7, description will be given on the operation of the data transmission control system comprising the data transmission control apparatus of the embodiment 4 of the present invention. The manager 13 performs the scheduling to control data transmission from the photographing/transmitting means 12A to 12M to the monitoring means  
 25 11A to 11N. For example, inquiries and request for data transmission to the

photographing/ transmitting means 12A to 12M from the monitoring means 11A to 11N are all responded by the manager 13. Upon the request of data transmission from the monitoring means 11A to 11N, the manager 13 performs scheduling and assigns the photographing/transmitting means 12A to 12M and the time. This assignment is controlled, for example, as shown in Fig. 7, in adequate time zone when the monitoring means 11A and 11N request the image data from the photographing/transmitting means 12B.

As another example of the scheduling by the manager 13, when much change does not occur on the screen, it can be controlled in such manner that the frequency to send out I frame is decreased to the photographing/transmitting means 12A to 12M and to elongate the distance between I frames. In this case, for example, the frequency to send I frame may be decreased from the compression means 109 of the photographing/transmitting means 12A to 12M as shown in Fig. 5.

As described above, by decreasing the frequency to send out I frame and by sending P frame (compressed image data prepared according to I frame after I frame) instead, compression efficiency can be increased and the better picture quality can be obtained.

In the data transmission control system of the embodiment 4 with the above arrangement, the manager for controlling the data transmission is connected to the network, to which a plurality of photographing/transmitting means 12A to 12M and a plurality of the monitoring means 11A to 11N are connected, and the scheduling is performed for the data transmission between the devices. As a result, it is possible to obtain a data transmission control system for the digital devices, in which data

transmission can be controlled by the manager 13 in response to the condition of the data transmission and transmission efficiency can be increased without the need of individually inquiring to the photographing/transmitting means 12A to 12M from the monitoring means

5 11A to 11N.

(Embodiment 5)

Next, referring to Fig. 8 and Fig. 10, description will be given on a data transmission control apparatus of an embodiment 5 of the present invention.

Fig. 8 is a block diagram showing an arrangement of the entire data  
 10 transmission control system comprising the data transmission control apparatus of the embodiment 5 of the present invention, and Fig. 10 is a block diagram showing an arrangement of packet transmission control means shown in Fig. 8. In Fig. 8, reference numeral 15 denotes packet transmission control means as a data transmission control apparatus for  
 15 controlling the procedure to switch over transmission source of the data from devices 17A to 17B or from device 17B to 17A at a request of a device 16, and reference numeral 16 is a device for requesting data from a device 17B or from device 17A. Reference numerals 17A and 17B each represents a device for generating and transmitting data.

20 In Fig. 10, reference numeral 121 is transmitting/ receiving means for requesting connection from the device 16 and for transmitting or receiving data, 122 is transmitting/receiving means for transmitting or receiving data to or from other devices such as 17A and 17B shown in Fig. 8, 123 is a clock processing unit for setting the current time received, 124 is a time  
 25 designation processing unit for setting the received designation time, 125 is

a designation time detection processing unit for comparing the current time from the clock processing unit 123 with the designation time from the time designation processing unit 124 and for outputting a designation time detection signal to control means 126 when these time values agree with each other, 126 indicates control means for setting the designation time from a controller 127 to the time designation processing unit 124 and for outputting a switching command to the transmitting/receiving means 121 and 122 when the designation time detection signal from the designation time detection processing unit 125 is received, and 127 is a controller for setting and controlling a designation time for switching of the device.

Next, referring to Fig. 8 and Fig. 10, the operation of the data transmission control apparatus in the embodiment 5 of the present invention will be described. First, in Fig. 8, it is assumed that the device 16 receives the data from the device 17A via a trunk line of the network and the packet transmission control means 15. Under such condition, it is supposed that the device 16 generates a request to switch over the data received by the device to the data from the device 17B. The switching operation is performed on the packet transmission control means 15.

In the packet transmission control means shown in Fig. 10, the controller 127 receiving the request to switch over the device outputs a designation time to switch over the device. The designation time is set on the time designation processing unit 124 via the transmitting/ receiving means 122 and the control means 126. On the other hand, the clock processing unit 123 generates a current time corrected according to the time of the packet to indicate the time via the transmitting/receiving means 122

and the control means 126 and outputs it to the designation time detection processing unit 125. The designation time detection processing unit 125 receives the current time and also receives the designation time from the time designation processing unit 124. These two time values are compared  
 5 with each other, and if they agree with each other, a designation time detection signal is outputted to the control means 126. Based on the designation time detection signal, the control means 126 outputs a switching command to the transmitting/receiving means 122, and the receiving of the data from the device 17A is switched over to the receiving of the data from  
 10 the device 17B. The received data is outputted to a local bus via the transmitting/receiving means 121.

In the data transmission control system of the embodiment 5 with the above arrangement, the designation time to switch over the data sending device from an external controller is set in advance, and switching is  
 15 performed in synchronization with the time. As a result, it is possible to obtain a data transmission apparatus for a digital device, which can accurately control the operation of the data transmitting device and the data receiving device in synchronization with the best timing determined in advance.

## 20 (Embodiment 6)

Next, referring to Fig. 9, description will be given on a data transmission control method in an embodiment 6 of the present invention. Fig. 9 is a drawing to show an arrangement of transmission data for explaining a data transmission control method in the embodiment 6 of the  
 25 present invention. In Fig. 9, according to a conventional data transmission

method, it is designed in such manner that, when the transmission of the data group after I frame has been completed, the transmission of I frame of the next data group is started.

According to the data transmission method of the present embodiment,  
5 it is not that the completion of the data transmission time is designated. For example, by controlling the amount of the data to be transmitted by the system controller, there is provided a free time, and additional surplus time is provided to cope with the increase of the amount of data during the period from the completion of the sending of the data group following I frame up to  
10 the sending of I frame of the next data group.

In the data transmission control method of the embodiment 6 with the above arrangement, the amount of the data to be transmitted is adjusted with respect to the transmissible data amount, and it is set to a relatively lower value and the transmission of the data group can be completed within  
15 the shortest time, and there is provided free time until the starting of transmission of the next data group. As a result, data transmission control method for a digital device can be obtained, by which it is possible to avoid the need of discarding the transmission data at the switching of the data group to be transmitted.

20

## INDUSTRIAL APPLICABILITY

According to the present invention with the above arrangement, a designation time to operate the device from outside is set in advance. There is provided means for detecting the designation time, and the device  
25 is operated when the designation time is detected. As a result, a data

transmission control apparatus for a digital device can be obtained, by which it is possible to accurately control the operation of the digital device at a predetermined timing without using an instruction packet for the operation of the digital device.

- 5           According to the present invention, in the transmission of the data from the device, a designation time for designating the time to complete the sending of the data is set in advance, and there is provided means for detecting the designation time. When this time is detected, the sending of the data is stopped. As a result, a data transmission control apparatus for a
- 10   digital device can be obtained, by which it is possible to use a transmission route at the highest efficiency without competing with the data transmission from the other device, which transmits the next data.

- According to the present invention, in the transmission of image data from the photographing/transmitting means to the monitoring means, a
- 15   designation time to designate the time to switch over the photographing/transmitting means is set in advance at a switching request of the photographing/ transmitting means, and there is provided means for detecting the designation time. Even in case a request to stop the receiving of the image data from the photographing/transmitting means currently in
- 20   transmission and to switch over to the receiving of the image data from the other photographing/transmitting means is generated in the middle of I frame, the time to switch over the image data is determined in synchronization with the detection of the designated waiting time to the next I frame. As a result, it is possible to obtain a data transmission control apparatus for a digital
- 25   device, in which the image is not interrupted from the request to switch over

the image data to be transmitted from the photographing/transmitting means up to I frame.

According to the present invention, in case there is urgent need to switch over, a request to send out I frame is given to the photographing/transmitting means from the monitoring means. As a result, it is possible to obtain a data transmission control apparatus for a digital device, in which the image data can be acquired immediately from the compressed image data of I frame sent according to the instruction at the monitoring means and the image can be displayed within the shortest queuing time after the switching request.

According to the present invention, a manager for controlling data transmission is connected to a network, to which a plurality of devices for transmitting data such as photographing/transmitting means and a plurality of devices for receiving data such as monitoring means are connected, and the scheduling of data transmission is performed between the devices. As a result, it is possible to obtain a data transmission control system for a digital device, in which transmission efficiency can be increased by controlling the data transmission by the manager depending upon the conditions of the data or data transmission without individually inquiring to the data sending device from the data receiving device.

According to the present invention, particularly when the devices for transmitting and receiving the data are linked with each other and only the necessary data is transmitted to and from each other, and when the data to be transmitted is switched over, a designation time is set from the controller in advance, and the data to be transmitted is switched over in

synchronization with the time. As a result, it is possible to obtain a data transmission control apparatus for a digital device, in which only the necessary data can be transmitted to and from each other in synchronization with the best timing determined in advance.

- 5           According to the present invention, it is set in such manner that there is less amount of data to be transmitted with respect to the transmissible data amount. The transmission of one data group is transmitted within the shortest time, and there is provided a free time up to the initiation of the transmission of the next data group. As a result, it is possible to obtain a
- 10   data transmission control method for a digital device, in which discarding of transmission data at the time of switching of the data group to be transmitted can be avoided in the data transmission where the data amount to be transmitted is indefinite.

## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A device control apparatus, comprising a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time  
5 received from a system controller via a network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, as a result of said comparison, operation of external device is controlled  
10 when the preset designation time is reached.

2. A data transmission control apparatus, comprising a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a  
15 transmitting/ receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data and control signal to and from said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, as a result of said  
20 comparison, the sending of transmission data from external device is stopped by said transmitting/receiving processing unit when the preset designation time is detected.

3. A data transmission control apparatus, comprising a clock  
25 processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an

information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/ receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data including compressed image data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time  
 5 received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, compressed image data of 1 frame is sent out.

10

4. A data transmission control apparatus, comprising a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data and  
 15 control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with  
 20 each other, the received data is switched over.

5. (Amended) A data transmission control system, comprising:  
 an arbitrary number of data transmission control apparatuses each  
 having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected  
 25 according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a

network, a transmitting/ receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data including compressed image data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a  
 5 designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, compressed image data of I frame is sent out; and

an arbitrary number of data transmission control apparatuses each  
 10 having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said  
 15 system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, the received data is switched over;

said data transmission control apparatuses being connected with each  
 20 other over a network, whereby compressed image data received is switched over at a timing of transmission of an image data of I frame, which constitutes compressed image on the receiving side.

6. A data transmission control system, for use in a case wherein a  
 25 plurality of devices for transmitting and a plurality of devices for receiving

compressed image data are connected with each other over a network, said system being arranged such that when the compressed image data received on the receiving device is switched over, it is requested to send out I frame of compressed image data constituting the compressed image to the device for  
5 sending the compressed image data to be received newly, and compressed image data of I frame is transmitted within the shortest time to the receiving device.

7. (Deleted)

10

8. (Deleted)

9. The data transmission control apparatus, comprising the device control apparatus according to claim 1, whereby said apparatus is connected  
15 between a device receiving data and a network, and the data to be relayed is switched over when a preset designation time is detected.

10. A transmission control method in data transmission of compressed image data, comprising the steps of setting a data amount of  
20 image data including I frame constituting the compressed image to a value lower than a transmissible data amount, and providing free time up to arrival of the next data group.

11. The device control apparatus according to claim 1, wherein  
25 information of the designation time is maintained in the device in advance.

12. The data transmission control apparatus according to claim 2, wherein an information of the designation time is maintained inside in advance.

5

13. The data transmission control apparatus according to claim 3, wherein an information of the designation time is maintained inside in advance.

10

14. The data transmission control apparatus according to claim 4, wherein an information of the designation time is maintained inside in advance.

15

15. (Newly added) A data transmission control system, comprising:  
a plurality of photographing means each utilizing a data transmission control apparatus, having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/ receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data and control signal to and from said network, a  
20 time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, as a result of said comparison, the sending of transmission data from external device is stopped by said transmitting/receiving  
25 processing unit when the preset designation time is detected;

a plurality of monitoring means each utilizing a data transmission control apparatus, having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/receiving processing unit for

5 transmitting and receiving data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said

10 current time and these agree with each other, the received data is switched over; and

a manager connected to a network, to which said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality of monitoring means are connected, said manager performing scheduling of data transmission

15 between said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality of monitoring means.

16. (Newly added) A data transmission control system, comprising:

a plurality of photographing means each utilizing a data transmission

20 control apparatus, having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/ receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data including compressed image data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for

25 setting a designation time received from said system controller via said

network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, compressed image data of I frame is sent out;

- 5 a plurality of monitoring means each utilizing a data transmission control system having an arbitrary number of data transmission control apparatuses each having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/ receiving processing unit for transmitting and
- 10 receiving data including compressed image data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time
- 15 is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, compressed image data of I frame is sent out; and an arbitrary number of data transmission control apparatuses each having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/receiving
- 20 processing unit for transmitting and receiving data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time
- 25 is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, the

received data is switched over; said data transmission control apparatuses being connected with each other over a network, whereby compressed image data received is switched over at a timing of transmission of an image data of I frame, which constitutes compressed image on the receiving side;

5 and

a manager connected to a network, to which said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality of monitoring means are connected, said manager performing scheduling of data transmission between said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality  
10 of monitoring means.

17. (Newly added) A data transmission control system, comprising:  
a plurality of photographing means each utilizing a data transmission control apparatus, having a clock processing unit for generating a current  
15 time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/ receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data including compressed image data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said  
20 network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, compressed image data of I frame is sent out;

a plurality of monitoring means each utilizing a data transmission  
25 control apparatus, having a clock processing unit for generating a current

time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, the received data is switched over; and

10 a manager connected to a network, to which said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality of monitoring means are connected, said manager performing scheduling of data transmission between said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality of monitoring means.

15

18. (Newly added) A data transmission control system, comprising:  
a plurality of photographing means each utilizing a data transmission control apparatus, having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/ receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data including compressed image data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said

20

25

designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, compressed image data of I frame is sent out;

a plurality of monitoring means each utilizing a data transmission control system having an arbitrary number of data transmission control apparatuses

5 each having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/ receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data including compressed image data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a

10 designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, compressed image data of I frame is sent out; and an arbitrary number of

15 data transmission control apparatuses each having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a

20 designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, the received data is switched over; said data transmission control apparatuses

25 being connected with each other over a network, whereby compressed

image data received is switched over at a timing of transmission of an image data of I frame, which constitutes compressed image on the receiving side; and

a manager connected to a network, to which said plurality of  
5 photographing/transmitting means and said plurality of monitoring means are connected, said manager performing scheduling of data transmission between said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality of monitoring means.

10 19. (Newly added) A data transmission control system, comprising:  
a plurality of photographing means each utilizing a data transmission control apparatus, for use in a case wherein a plurality of devices for transmitting and a plurality of devices for receiving compressed image data are connected with each other over a network, said system being arranged  
15 such that when the compressed image data received on the receiving device is switched over, it is requested to send out I frame of compressed image data constituting the compressed image to the device for sending the compressed image data to be received newly, and compressed image data of I frame is transmitted within the shortest time to the receiving device;

20 a plurality of monitoring means each utilizing a data transmission control apparatus, having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data and control signal with respect to said  
25 network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time

received from said system controller via said network, and a designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, the received data is switched  
 5 over; and

a manager connected to a network, to which said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality of monitoring means are connected, said manager performing scheduling of data transmission between said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality  
 10 of monitoring means.

20. (Newly added) A data transmission control system, comprising:  
 a plurality of photographing means each utilizing a data transmission control apparatus, for use in a case wherein a plurality of devices for  
 15 transmitting and a plurality of devices for receiving compressed image data are connected with each other over a network, said system being arranged such that when the compressed image data received on the receiving device is switched over, it is requested to send out I frame of compressed image data constituting the compressed image to the device for sending the  
 20 compressed image data to be received newly, and compressed image data of I frame is transmitted within the shortest time to the receiving device;

a plurality of monitoring means each utilizing a data transmission control system having an arbitrary number of data transmission control apparatuses each having a clock processing unit for generating a current time corrected  
 25 according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a

network, a transmitting/ receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data including compressed image data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a

5 designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, compressed image data of I frame is sent out; and an arbitrary number of data transmission control apparatuses each having a clock processing unit

10 for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller via a network, a transmitting/receiving processing unit for transmitting and receiving data and control signal with respect to said network, a time designation processing unit for setting a designation time received from said system controller via said network, and a

15 designation time detection processing unit for comparing said preset designation time with said current time, whereby, when said designation time is compared with said current time and these agree with each other, the received data is switched over; said data transmission control apparatuses being connected with each other over a network, whereby compressed

20 image data received is switched over at a timing of transmission of an image data of I frame, which constitutes compressed image on the receiving side; and

a manager connected to a network, to which said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality of monitoring means are

25 connected, said manager performing scheduling of data transmission

between said plurality of photographing/transmitting means and said plurality of monitoring means.

21. (Newly added) The data transmission control system  
5 according to claim 15, wherein, in the scheduling by said manager, the  
sending of I frame of compressed image data is thinned out.

22. (Newly added) The data transmission control system  
according to claim 16, wherein, in the scheduling by said manager, the  
10 sending of I frame of compressed image data is thinned out.

23. (Newly added) The data transmission control system  
according to claim 17, wherein, in the scheduling by said manager, the  
sending of I frame of compressed image data is thinned out.  
15

24. (Newly added) The data transmission control system  
according to claim 18, wherein, in the scheduling by said manager, the  
sending of I frame of compressed image data is thinned out.

20 25. (Newly added) The data transmission control system  
according to claim 19, wherein, in the scheduling by said manager, the  
sending of I frame of compressed image data is thinned out.

26. (Newly added) The data transmission control system  
25 according to claim 20, wherein, in the scheduling by said manager, the

sending of I frame of compressed image data is thinned out.

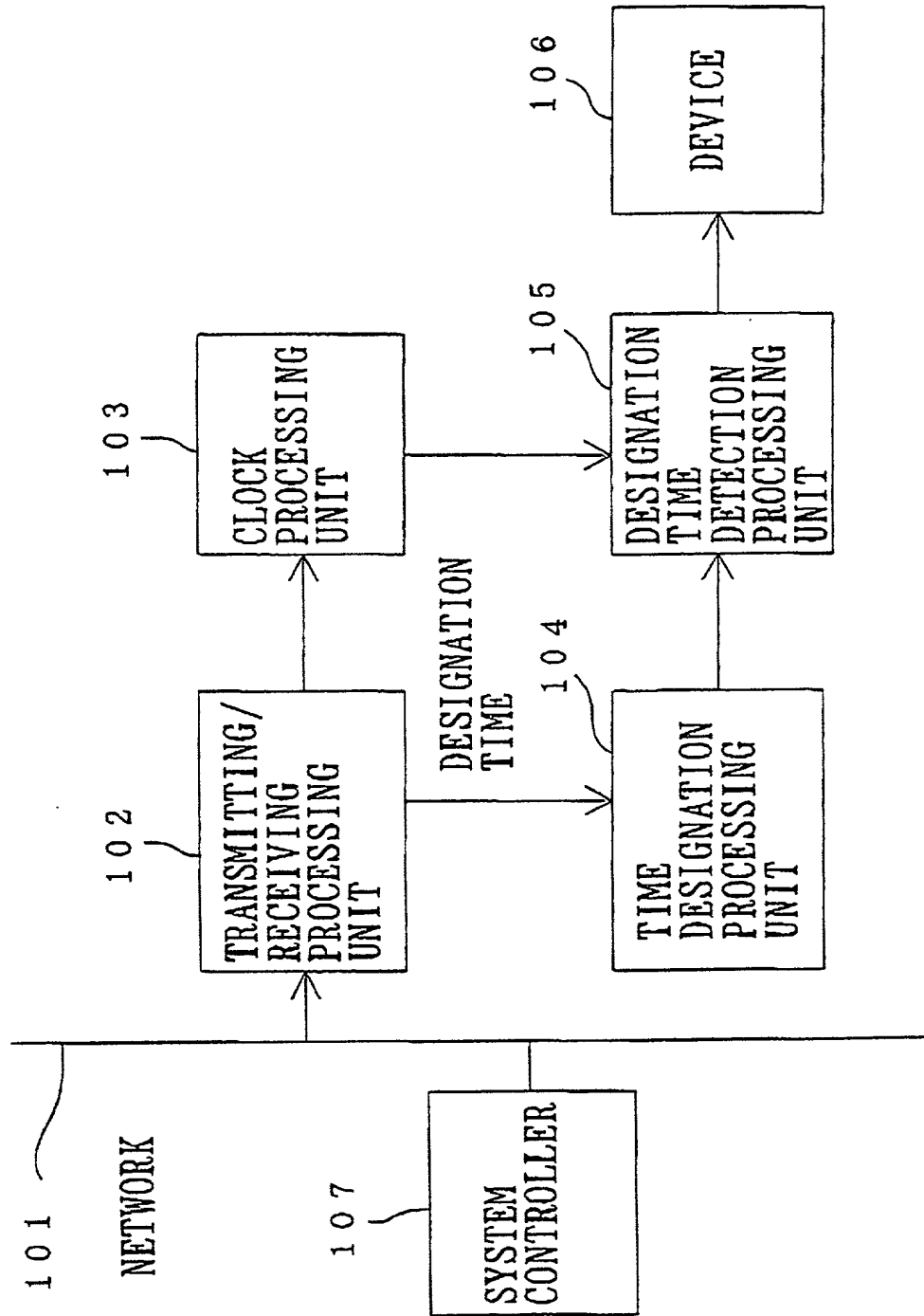
www.cees.co



## ABSTRACT

According to the present invention, when an image data currently being received is switched over to the data from another image information device, the best picture quality is provided without stopping the image up to the next I frame even when the switching request is given at the middle of I frame. The apparatus of the invention comprises a clock processing unit 103 for generating a current time corrected according to an information of a time received from a system controller 107 via a network 101, a transmitting/receiving processing unit 102 for transmitting and receiving data and control signal to and from the network, a time designation processing unit 104 for setting the designation time received from the system controller via the network, and a designation time detection processing unit 105 for comparing the preset designation time with the current time, and when the designation time agrees with the current time, the received data is switched over, and the switching is synchronized with the next I frame.

FIG. 1A



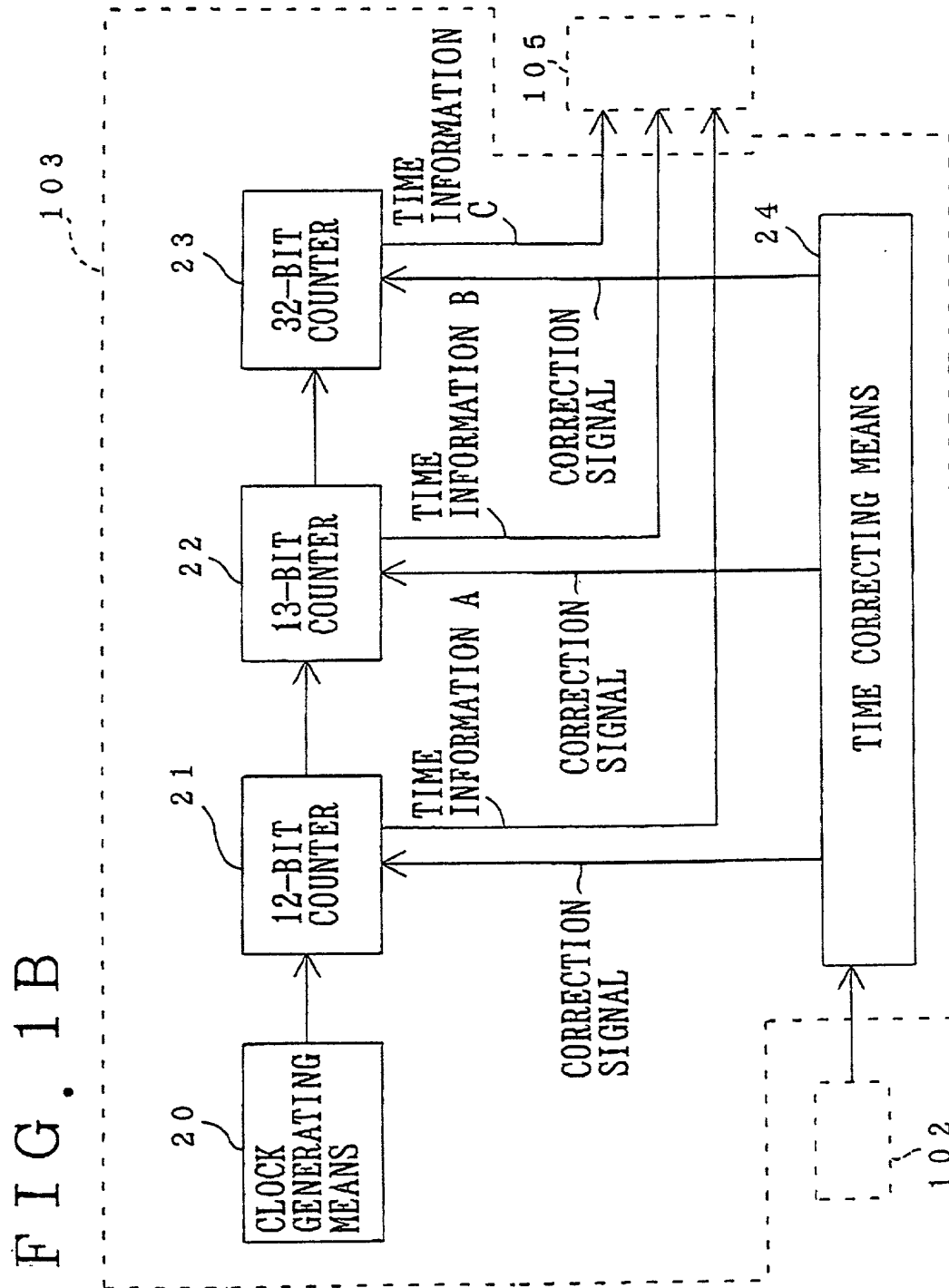


FIG. 1C

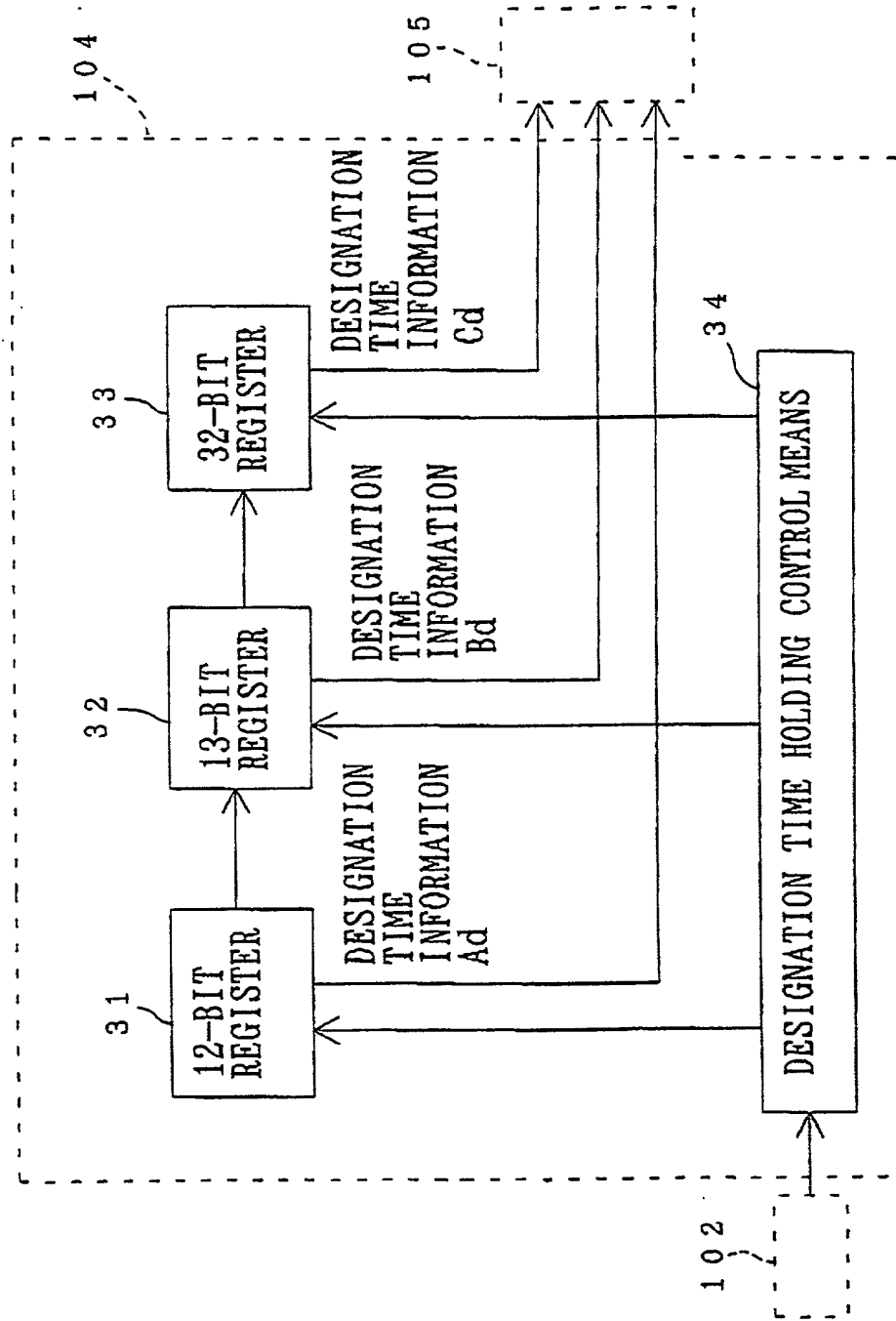


FIG. 1D

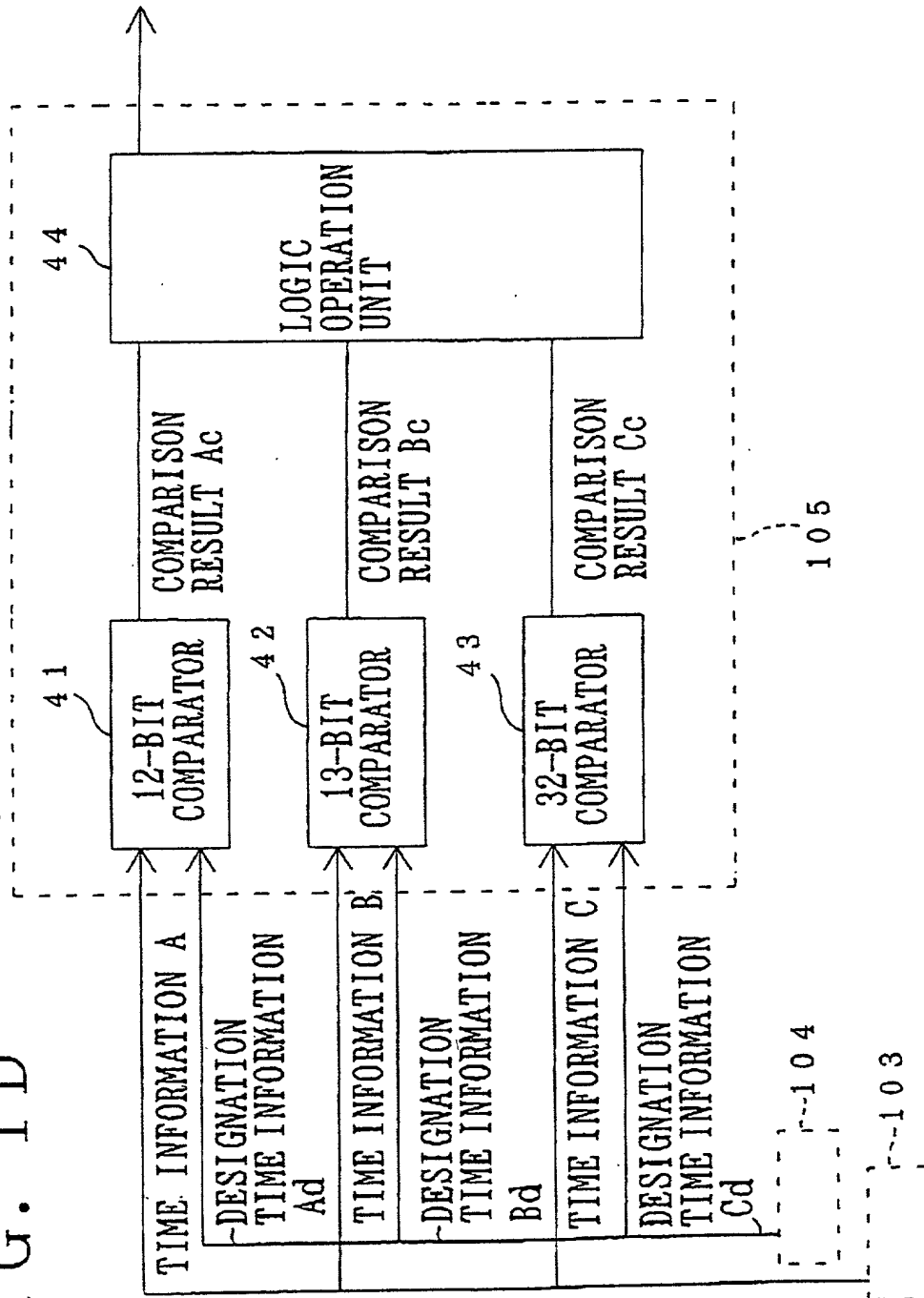


FIG. 2

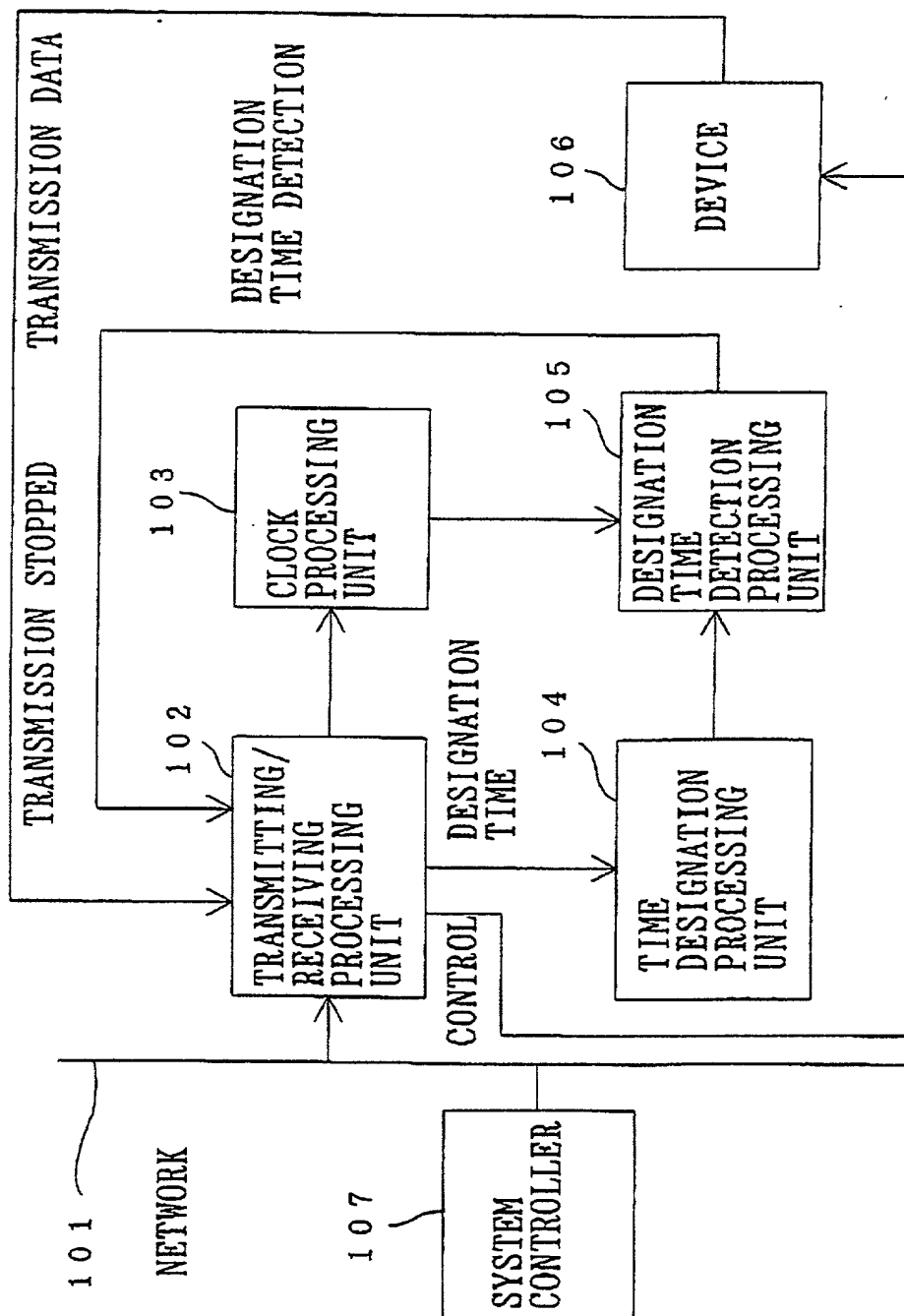


FIG. 3

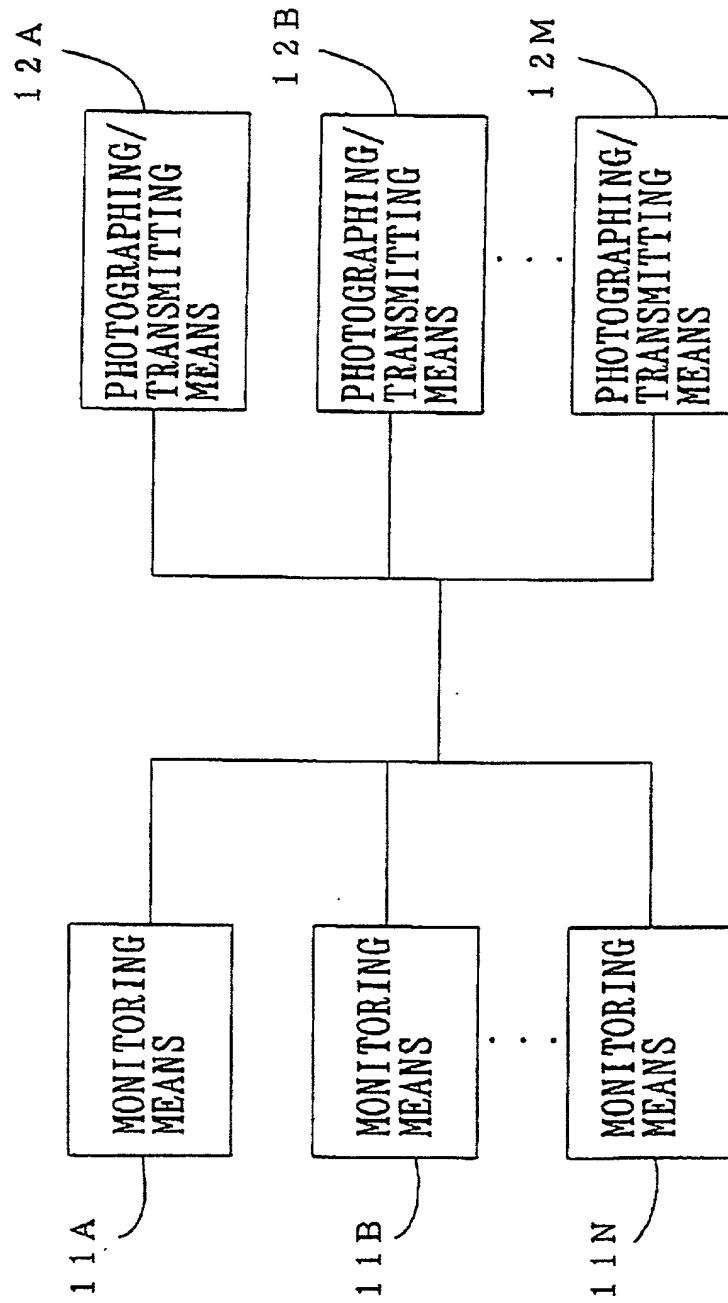
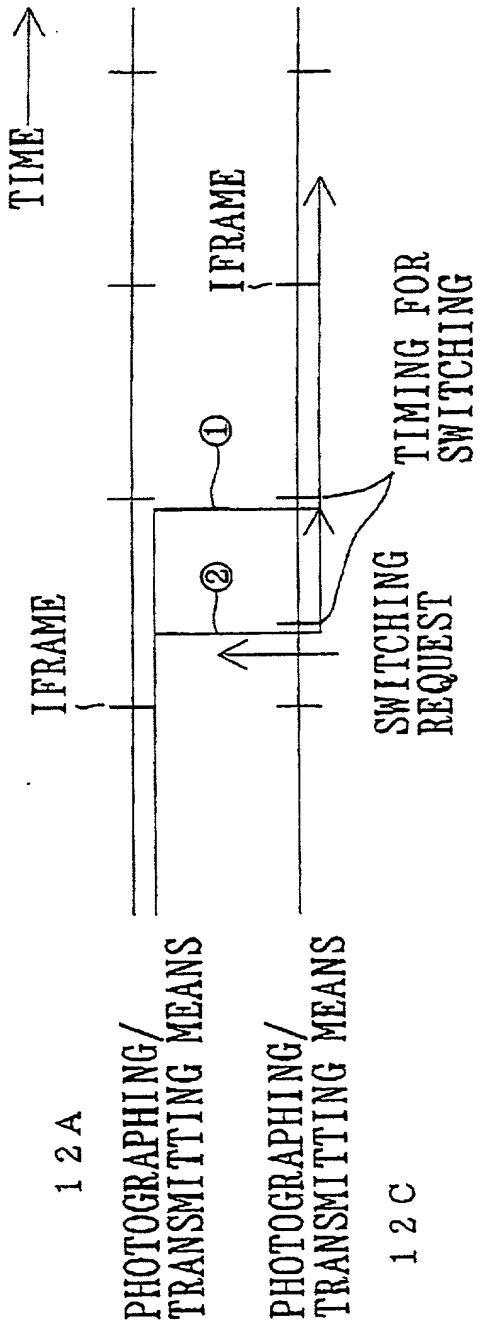
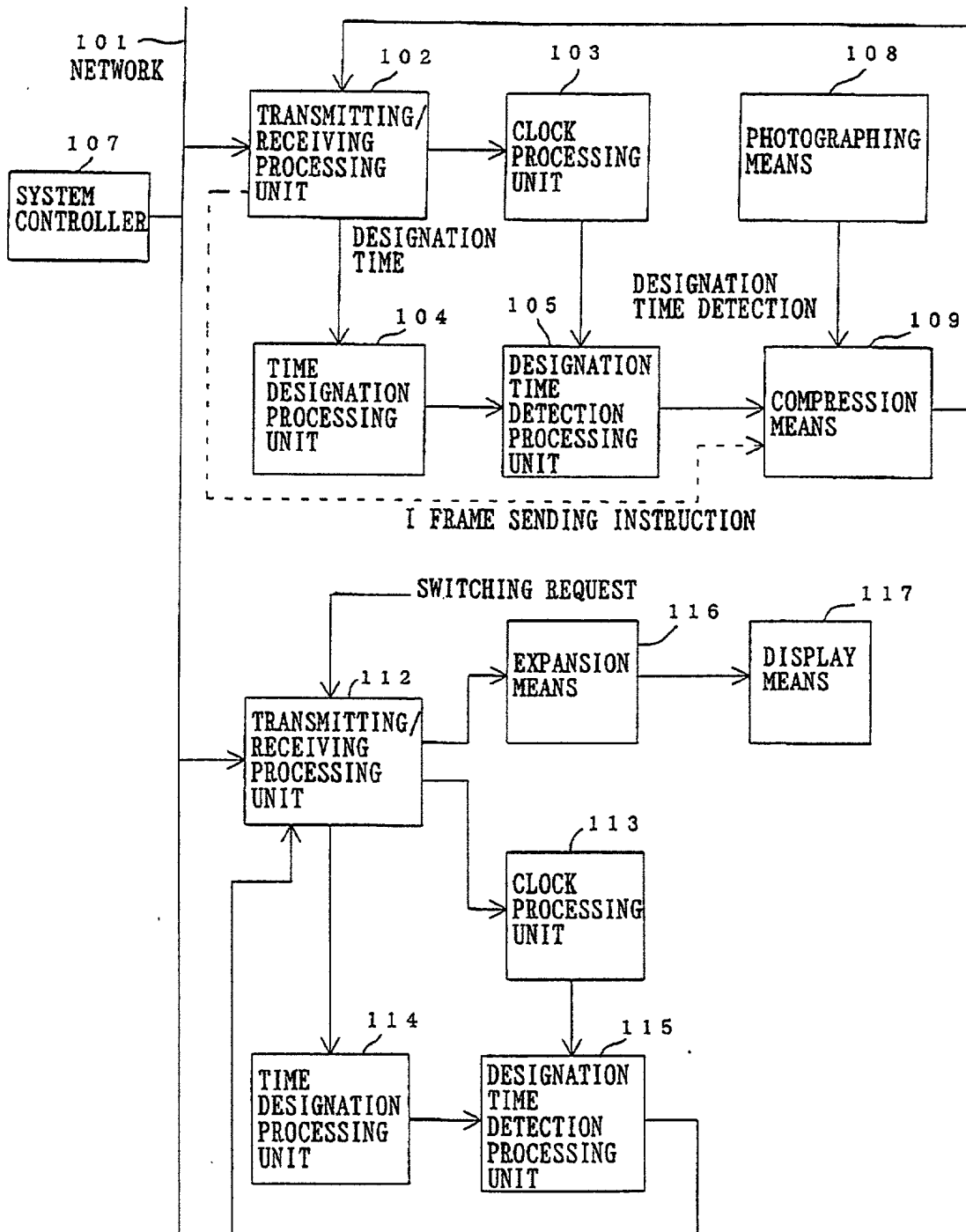


FIG. 4



8/13

FIG. 5



9/13

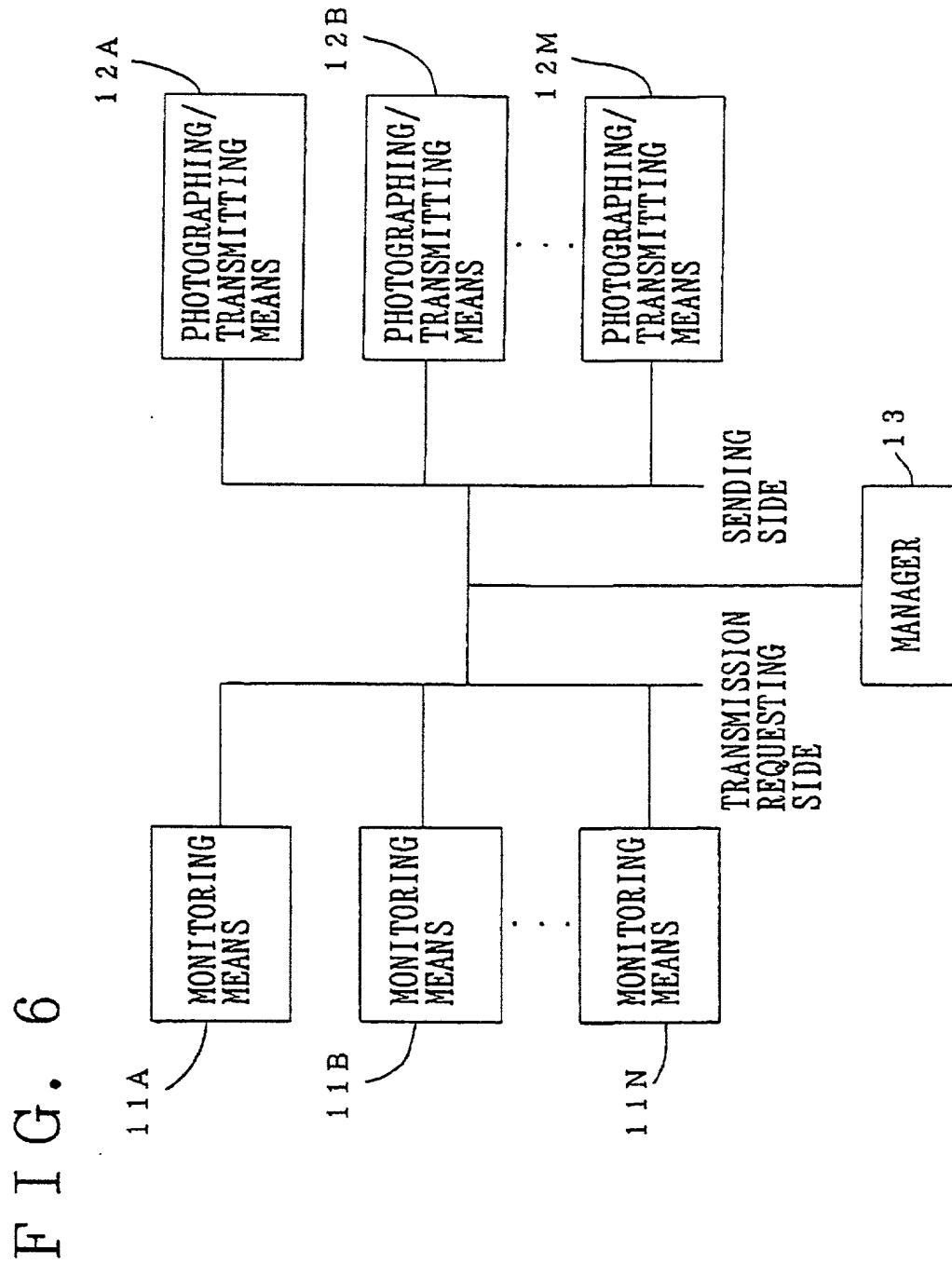
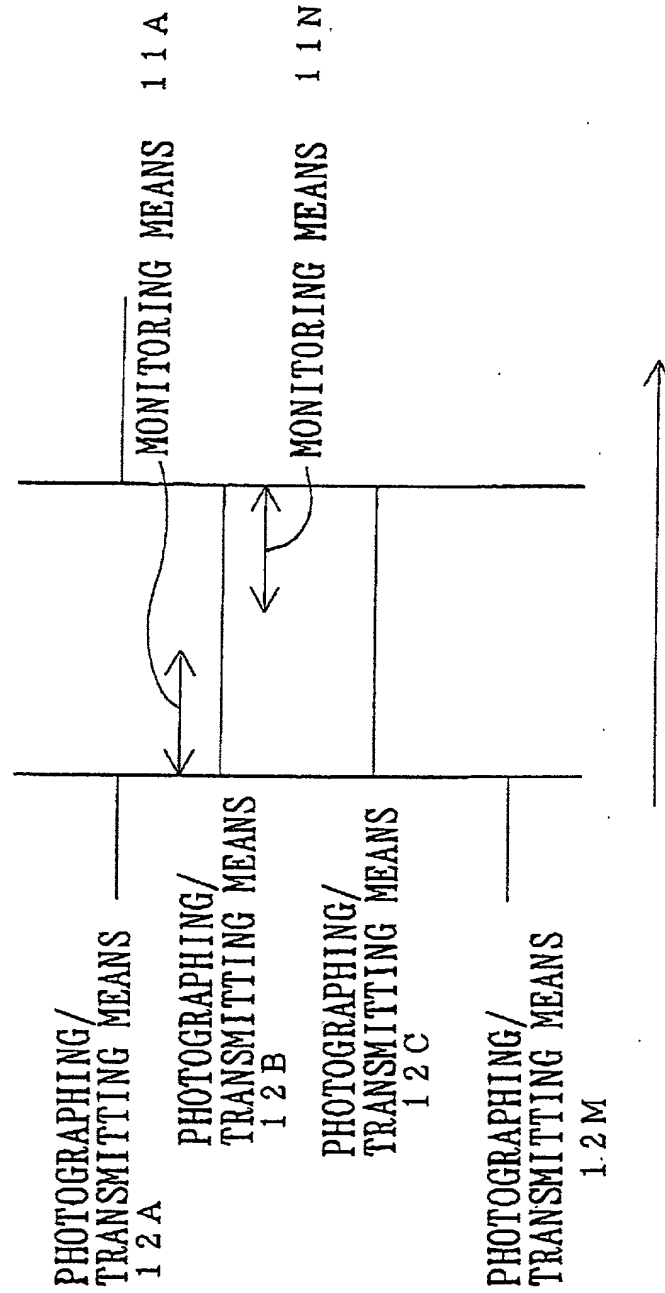


FIG. 7

EXAMPLE OF SCHEDULING



11/13

FIG. 8

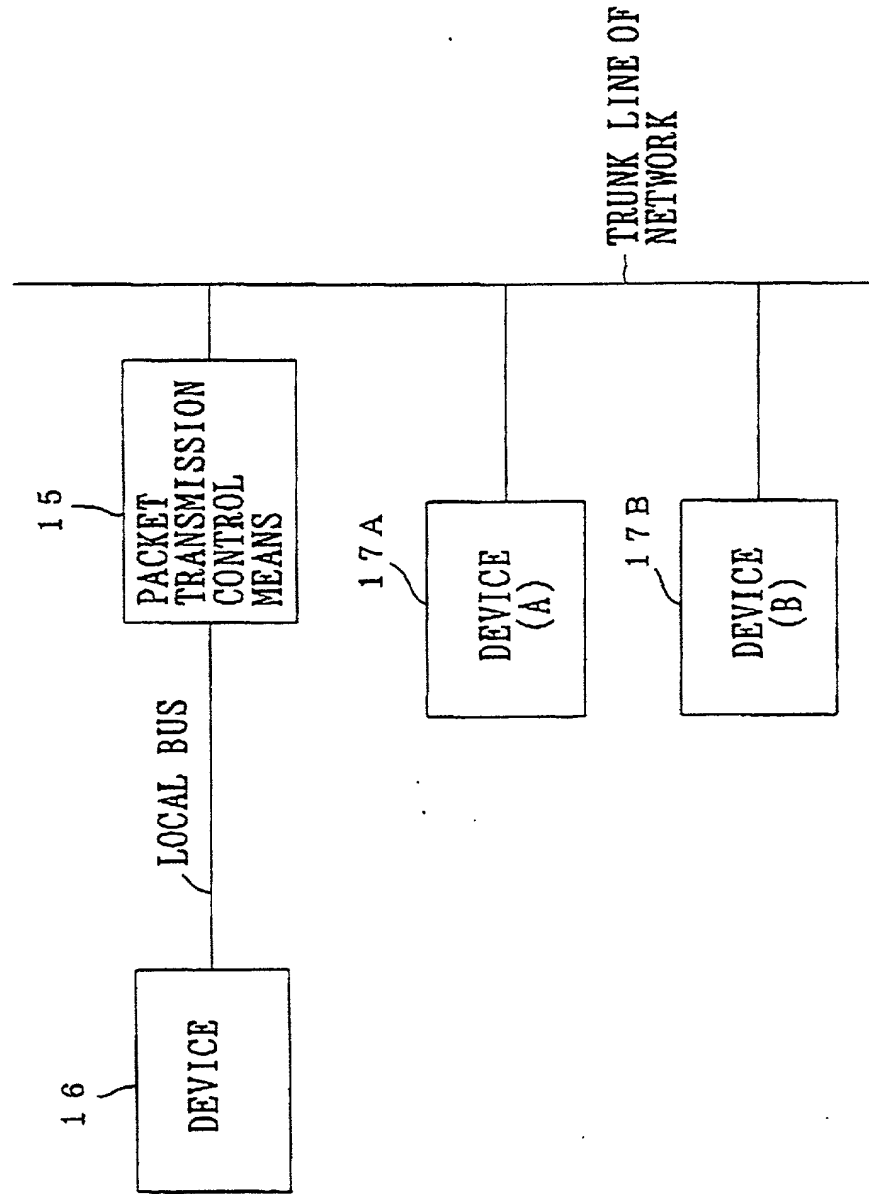
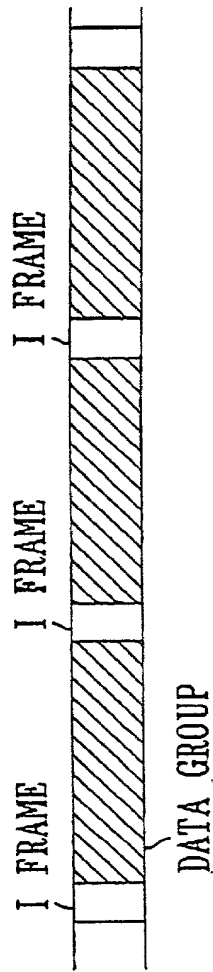
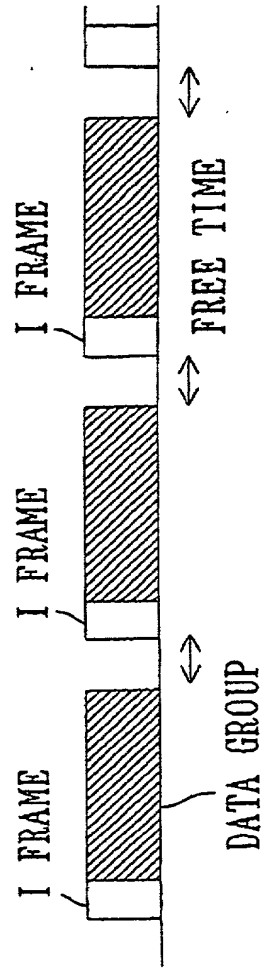


FIG. 9



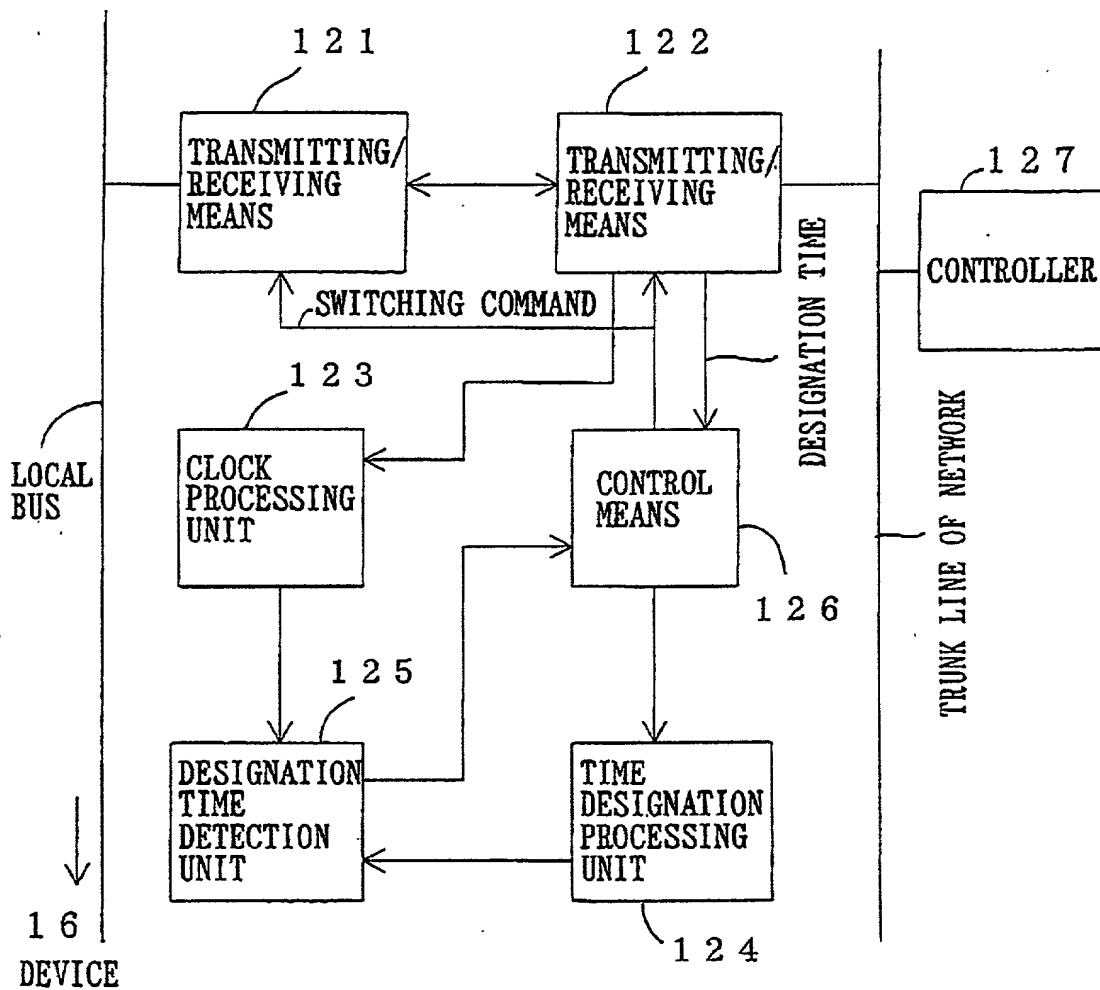
CONVENTIONAL  
DATA TRANSMITTING  
METHOD



DATA TRANSMITTING  
METHOD ACCORDING  
TO THE PRESENT  
EMBODIMENT

13/13

FIG. 10



# DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION

As a below-named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

the specification of which: (check one)

August 6, 1999

☒ is attached hereto. ☒ was filed on 19, as United States Patent Application Serial No. or PCT International Application Number PCT/JP99/04271, and was amended on 19 (if applicable).

Jan. 14, 2000 and July 3, 2000

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the patentability of this application in accordance with 37 CFR § 1.56(a).

Prior Foreign Application(s): I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or § 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below, or § 365(a) of any PCT international application which designated at least one country other than the United States of America, listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Application No.	Country	Day/Month/Year Filed	Priority Claimed
10-234886	Japan	7 August, 1998	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
(Application No.)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
(Application No.)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
(Application No.)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

Application No.	Filing Date

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in 37 CFR § 1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

(U.S. Application Serial No.)	(U.S. Filing Date)	(Status—patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby appoint Elliott I. Pollock, Registration No. 16,906; George Vande Sande, Registration No. 17,276; Burton A. Amernick, Registration No. 24,852; Stanley B. Green, Registration No. 24,351; Richard Wiener, Registration No. 18,741; Townsend M. Belser, Jr., Registration No. 22,956; Morris Liss, Registration No. 24,510; Martin Abramson, Registration No. 25,787; George R. Pettit, Registration No. 27,369; Elzbieta Chlopecka, Registration No. 32,767; Eric J. Franklin, Registration No. 37,134; and Jeffri A. Kaminski, Reg. No. 42,709, my attorneys with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

Send Correspondence and Direct Telephone Calls to:

Morris Liss  
(202) 331-7111

Morris Liss  
Pollock, Vande Sande & Amernick, R.L.L.P.  
P.O. Box 19088  
Washington, D.C. 20036B3425 U.S.A.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements are made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. § 1001 and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Inventor's signature

Full name of sole or first inventor:

Toshiaki Shinohara

Inventor's Signature

Toshiaki Shinohara

Date

November 7, 2000

Residence Address

Omiya-shi, Saitama Japan

Citizenship

Japanese

Post Office Address

301, 87-1, Miyaharacho 1-chome, Omiya-shi, Saitma 330-0038 Japan

☒ See next page for additional inventors

# DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION

Page Two

20  
Full name of second joint inventor (if any): Masahiro Wakamori  
Inventor's Signature Masahiro Wakamori Date November 7, 2000  
Residence Address Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa Japan JAX  
Citizenship Japanese  
Post Office Address 115-3-510 Terayamacho, Midori-ku, Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa 226-0013 Japan

3  
Full name of third joint inventor (if any): Kengo Tsuzuki  
Inventor's Signature Kengo Tsuzuki Date November 7, 2000  
Residence Address Machida-shi, Tokyo Japan JAX  
Citizenship Japanese  
Post Office Address 127 Sakae haitsu 14-15, Haramachida 1-chome, Machida-shi, Tokyo 194-0013 Japan

Full name of fourth joint inventor (if any): \_\_\_\_\_  
Inventor's Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Residence Address \_\_\_\_\_  
Citizenship \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office Address \_\_\_\_\_

Full name of fifth joint inventor (if any): \_\_\_\_\_  
Inventor's Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Residence Address \_\_\_\_\_  
Citizenship \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office Address \_\_\_\_\_

Full name of sixth joint inventor (if any): \_\_\_\_\_  
Inventor's Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Residence Address \_\_\_\_\_  
Citizenship \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office Address \_\_\_\_\_

Full name of seventh joint inventor (if any): \_\_\_\_\_  
Inventor's Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Residence Address \_\_\_\_\_  
Citizenship \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office Address \_\_\_\_\_

Full name of eighth joint inventor (if any): \_\_\_\_\_  
Inventor's Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Residence Address \_\_\_\_\_  
Citizenship \_\_\_\_\_  
Post Office Address \_\_\_\_\_